



AMISOM

African Union Mission In Somalia

THROUGH THE YEARS
IN PICTURES

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بعثة الاتحاد الافريقي في الصومال عبر السنين في صور

Mission de l'Union Africaine en Somalie Au cours des années EN IMAGES

Missão Sindical da África na Somalia Ao longo dos anos em fotos

AMISOM THROUGH THE YEARS IN PICTURES

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Abbreviations

AMISOM – African Union Mission in So	omalia ISMS		Information Support Management Section
AIGP – Assistant Inspector Genera	l of Police IST	3	Information Support Team
ACP – Assistant Commissioner of	Police JMTC	125	Joint Mission Training Centre
APC – Armoured Personnel Carrie	er KDF		Kenya Defence Forces
ASG – Assistant Secretary-Genera			Main Supply Routes
AU – African Union	OPD		Out-Patients Department
AU-PSC - African Union Peace and Se			Police Contributing Countries
AUPSOD - African Union Peace Suppo	rt Operations Division PCVE		- Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism
BOI – Board of Inquiry	QIPs		Quick Impact Projects
CDF - Chief of Defence Forces	SGBV		Sexual and Gender-based Violence
CIMIC – Civil Military Cooperation	SNA		Somali National Army
CP - Commissioner of Police	SPF		Somali Police Force
DCP - Deputy Commissioner of Po			Special Representative of the Chairperson of the Africa Union
ENDF - Ethiopia National Defence l			Commission
EU – European Union	SRSG	13	Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General
EUTM – European Union Training M			Somalia Security Forces
FGS – Federal Government of Son	nalia TCC		Troop Contributing Countries
FOB - Forward Operating Base	TFG		Transitional Federal Government
FPU – Formed Police Unit	UN		United Nations
IDP – Internally Displaced Persor	ns UNMA		United Nations Mine Action Service
IED – Improvised Explosive Devic			- United Nations Security Council
IFV - Infantry Fighting Vehicle	UNSO		United Nations Support Office in Somalia
IGAD - Inter-Governmental Author			United Nations Assistance Mission in Somalia
IPO – Individual Police Officer	UNSO	111	Officed Paterons Assistance Mission in Somana

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ABOUT THE AFRICAN UNION MISSION IN SOMALIA (AMISOM)

Who we are

The African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISOM) is a multi-dimensional mission mandated by the African Union, with the approval of the United Nations (UN) to conduct Peace Support Operations in Somalia. AMISOM was deployed to Somalia in 2007 with an initial six-month mandate to support a national reconciliation congress and to report within 60 days on a possible United Nations Peacekeeping Mission. Since 2007, AMISOM's mandate has consistently evolved and expanded from protecting Somalia authorities and facilitating a political process to war-fighting, counter-insurgency and stabilisation, with major changes including supporting the Federal Government of Somalia (FGS) to expand its authority across Somalia, help it conduct free, fair, and transparent elections and enable gradual hand over of security responsibilities from AMISOM to the Somalia Security Forces.

Background

Following the deteriorating political and security situation in Somalia, the African Union Peace and Security Council (PSC), during its 69th meeting on 19 January 2007, authorised the deployment of AMISOM to help stabilise Somalia with an initial mandate of six months. The deployment was subsequently approved by the United Nations (UN) Security Council on 21 February 2007. Uganda was the first African country to deploy soldiers to Somalia in March 2007, followed by Burundi, Kenya, Ethiopia, and Djibouti.

AMISOM troops launched offensive operations against Al-Shabaab who controlled large parts of Somalia including the capital city, Mogadishu. By 2011, Al-Shabaab had been expelled from Mogadishu and several other cities and towns in south central Somalia were soon to be liberated and placed under AMISOM responsibility, offering hope to millions of civilians who had suffered prolonged war and instability.

AMISOM's Mandate

AMISOM's initial mandate was to stabilise the situation in Somalia and provide support to the Transitional Federal Government (TFG). The tasks under this mandate included the furtherance of dialogue and reconciliation, facilitation of humanitarian assistance and the creation of conducive conditions for long-term stabilisation, reconstruction, and development. Since 2007, AMISOM's mandate has been repeatedly renewed and/or modified by both the African Union Peace and Security Council (AU-PSC) and the United Nations (UN) Security Council.

To date, AMISOM's priority tasks have largely focused on reducing the threats posed by Al-Shabaab and other armed groups; assisting the Somalia security forces to provide security for the political process at all levels and supporting Somalia security forces and authorities to create a secure environment with the aim of fully handing over security responsibility to Somali security institutions.

To deliver on this, AMISOM develops, and updates Mission Implementation Plans and a Concept of Operations (CONOPS) to better enhance the Mission's operational effectiveness and align with the political developments and security situation in Somalia. The concepts and plans highlight the priority tasks of all AMISOM components and efforts towards achieving the African Union's strategic objectives and strategic end-state in Somalia.

How AMISOM is funded

AMISOM benefits from a UN logistical support package, bilateral donations, and voluntary contributions to the UN Trust Fund for AMISOM. The European Union (EU), AMISOM's biggest donor, provides the resources needed for the payment of troop allowances and other related expenses, within the framework of the African Peace Facility (APF). In 2004, the APF was established in response to a request by African leaders and was the primary source of funding to support the African Union's efforts for peace and security. Since 2021, the APF has been replaced with the European Peace Facility.

AMISOM Leadership

The Head of AMISOM is the Special Representative of the Chairperson of the African Union Commission for Somalia (SRCC). Appointed by the Chairperson of the African AU Commission, the SRCC oversees the implementation of the Mission's mandate, as authorised by the AU Peace and Security Council and the United Nations (UN) Security Council. The Deputy SRCC (DSRCC) assists the SRCC and is also appointed by the Chairperson of the AU Commission. The senior leadership of the Mission includes the SRCC, DSRCC, Force Commander, Police Commissioner, Head of Mission Support and the Head of Finance, Accounts and Budget.

The Mission's Components

AMISOM has three components:

- Military
- Police
- Civilian and Mission Support

Military: The military component is tasked with degrading Al-Shabaab and other armed groups with the Somali National Army (SNA) with whom they work closely and regularly undertake joint military operations against extremist groups. It is the biggest component of the mission and includes contingents drawn from selected Troop Contributing Countries (TCC). Beyond the TCCs, AMSIOM has specialised officers/experts deployed from all over Africa who support the Military Headquarters.

AMISOM TCCs include Uganda, Burundi, Kenya, Ethiopia, and Djibouti. Deployed throughout south-central Somalia, AMISOM troops are divided into six sectors, namely:

- **I. Sector One** Under the security responsibility of the Uganda People's Defence Forces (UPDF), it includes the Benadir region which covers parts of the capital city, Mogadishu and Lower Shabelle region.
- **II. Sector Two** Under the security responsibility of the Kenya Defence Forces (KDF), with an operational base in Dhobley, the sector includes the Lower Juba, Lower Shabelle, Middle Juba and Gedo regions.
- **III. Sector Three** Under the security responsibility of soldiers from the Ethiopia National Defence Forces (ENDF), it includes Bay, Bakool and Gedo regions.
- **IV. Sector Four –** Covering the Hiiraan and Galgaduud regions, the sector is under the security responsibility of the Djibouti Armed Forces, although troops from the Ethiopia National Defence Forces (ENDF) also control some areas.
- **V. Sector Five –** Based in the Middle Shabelle region, the sector whose main operational base is Jowhar, is under the security responsibility of the Burundi National Defence Forces (BNDF).
- **VI. Sector Six –** This sector is under the security responsibility of a multinational force from the Ethiopia National Defence Forces (ENDF) and Kenya Defence Forces (KDF).

Police: AMISOM Police is mandated to train, mentor and advise the Somalia Police Force (SPF) on the maintenance of law and order and to establish a robust, competent, and professional police force. The component includes both Individual Police Officers (IPOs) and Formed Police Units (FPUs).

- The IPOs, who are police experts and professionals, are key to training and mentoring Somali police officers.
- The FPUs on the other hand support SPF in public order management, holding joint policing operations with their Somali counterparts and providing security escorts to key mission personnel.

Police Contributing Countries (PCCs) include Nigeria, Ghana, Sierra Leone, Uganda, Kenya, and Zambia. The IPOs are from all over Africa. UN Security Council Resolution 2472 (2019) authorised the deployment 1 040 police personnel, including five FPUs. This is because the Police play a critical role in the stabilisation process especially in maintaining law and order in the recovered areas.

Civilian: The civilian team strengthens AMISOM's presence in Somalia by working with various stakeholders involved in Somalia's stabilisation efforts to build and re-establish governance structures. It also includes restoring both physical and social infrastructure, facilitating dialogue and reconciliation, facilitating humanitarian delivery, ensuring compliance with International Humanitarian Law (IHL/IHRL), providing support to the disarmament, demobilisation, and reintegration of armed groups, and coordinating with various partners and key players. With the ongoing transition however, the primary focus of the civilian component is to support the Mission's eventual drawdown, in line with the Somalia Transition Plan (STP) and ultimately Somali security forces taking over security responsibilities.

Mission Support facilitates the provision of essential supplies to AMISOM components. They ensure effective logistic support to Sector logistic hubs, Battalion logistic locations, Police team sites and Forward Operating Bases (FOBs), and plan to support AMISOM's future operations.

AMISOM's Contributions and Achievements in Somalia

Somalia has made remarkable progress since AMISOM's deployment in 2007 despite the various challenges. Many of the developments that can be attributed to the presence of the AU Mission are as follows:

Restoration of Peace, State formation and the attendant boost to the economy

- Working in conjunction with the SNA, AMISOM conducted several expansion and consolidation operations leading to the liberation of Mogadishu City in 2011 and subsequent liberation of other cities and towns in South Central Somalia. This enabled the protection of successive Somali authorities (the Transitional Federal Government and Federal Government of Somalia) and later the Interim Regional Administrations, degrading of Al-Shabaab and other armed opposition groups, provision of security for two election processes in 2012 and 2016/17 and completion of the state formation process.
- AMISOM's presence in Somalia has ushered in a period of stability on the political, security and socio-economic fronts. There has increased mobility and trade, expanded operations of international airlines both private and public carriers.
- Major financial institutions, such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, have made a comeback to Somalia, after a hiatus of more than 25 years.
- The country's economic growth is on an upward trajectory. In its first review under the staff-monitored programme for Somalia, in December 2018, the IMF acknowledged that activities in the construction, communication, commerce and service sectors are expected to be sustained due to the enabling climate and Somalia's continued strong commitment to implement reform measures.
- Similarly, in March 2020, the IMF, and World Bank both decided that Somalia had taken all the required steps to begin the process of getting debt relief under their Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) initiative. This may lead to the country's over US\$5bn debt being written-off.
- There is now a conducive business environment and enhanced confidence for investment. The Real Estate sector is booming, and financial institutions are recording significant growth.
- The diaspora population has returned to the country in large numbers and is investing millions of dollars in various businesses which have helped spur economic growth.
- The rebuilding of state institutions, including the education and health sectors, is taking place, because of the relative peace in the country.

Securing Population Centres and key government installations

• Despite the asymmetric warfare employed by Al-Shabaab and the indiscriminate use of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) by the militants to cause fatalities to civilians and security forces, AMISOM in joint operations with the SNA has succeeded in liberating vast swathes of the country from the control of the militants.

- AMISOM forces are engaged in the protection of civilians and in opening and securing the main supply routes to ensure free movement of goods and services.
- In liberated areas, AMISOM continues to provide life-saving and essential services for populations deprived of such services by Al-Shabaab for years. This is principally achieved through creating and maintaining enabling conditions for international actors to return to and operate in Somalia; provision of peace dividends through various quick impact projects; engaging, liaising, and coordinating with humanitarian actors to ensure effective and structured interaction with humanitarian actors as well as facilitating enhanced delivery of humanitarian assistance in Somalia.
- Somali security forces are gradually taking over the security of key installations in the country, a testimony of the effective coordination, training, and consistent capacity building of the local security forces by AMISOM.

Supporting and securing Electoral Processes in 2012, 2016 and 2021

- Since 2007, AMISOM has consistently supported the implementation of the Somalia political process, including through creating space for dialogue, reconciliation, and negotiations, and most importantly, facilitating the state formation process across Somalia.
- AMISOM, working with the Somali security forces, played a key role in protecting the successive Somali authorities (the Transitional Federal Government and Federal Government of Somalia) and later the Interim Regional Administrations. AMISOM supported reconciliation processes across South Central Somalia, secured two election processes in 2012 and 2016/17 and took the necessary measures, including deploying its troops to Galmudug and conducting various security operations, to secure the Somalia Electoral process.
- AMISOM, in support of the FGS and in coordination with the International Community, undertook modalities to accelerate security planning for elections focusing on promoting inclusive politics, peaceful, transparent, as well as free and fair elections.

Rebuilding of the Somali Police Force and Rule of Law

- In modernising and improving policing standards, AMISOM trains, mentors, and advises the Somali Police Force (SPF) on the maintenance of law and order. This includes collocating with SPF officers across the regions in Somalia.
- Over the years, AMISOM Police has implemented various training programmes for the SPF targeting new recruits, junior officers, middle officers, and senior officers. Such programmes have taken place within Mogadishu, including at the General Kahiye Training Academy, and at the regional state capitals. Training programmes have also been conducted outside the country, including in Djibouti and Kenya.

- AMISOM Police Reform and Restructuring Team has also supported the SPF in conducting biometric capture of personnel information of individual police officers to ensure that SPF has a credible data base of its personnel which is critical for policy makers and leaders to know the exact police strength and for payment of salaries and other entitlements.
- Through partnerships with other stakeholders, AMISOM has supported the refurbishment of old police stations and construction of new police stations across the country. The Police component of the AMISOM has also been providing critical equipment such as vehicles, furniture, and computers to assist the performance of policing duties.

Capacity-building support for Human Rights and Gender

- AMISOM supports various capacity building initiatives of the Somalia security forces, government officers and civil society organisations. This also includes the protection of civilians, including women and girls, which is integral to the AU's intervention in the Somali armed conflict.
- ◆ AMISOM works to advance the International Humanitarian/Human Rights Law (IH/HRL), the UN Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW), UN Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women, Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Women in Africa and many other international conventions. To this end, AMISOM pursues proactive awareness raising and sensitisation of communities to end violence against women and girls.
- AMISOM, through the Protection, Human Rights and Gender Cluster, has been instrumental in providing guidance to the various sections of the Somali Security Forces to ensure compliance with International Humanitarian Law (IHL) and Human Rights Law. AMISOM has since developed and delivered training programmes in IHL and HR Laws to the Somalia Police Force, Somalia National Army, Civil Society Organisations, federal as well as regional governments to enhance capacity and awareness.
- Through the Civilian Casualty Tracking Analysis and Reporting Cell (CCTARC), AMISOM has been tracking and reporting cases of civilian casualties by various players in Somalia.

Quick Impact Projects (QIPS)

AMISOM Quick Impact Projects are small-scale, low-cost programmes that are planned and implemented within a short period of time and have a rapid positive impact on targeted communities. These projects are implemented through AMISOM's Civil Affairs Unit. AMISOM has implemented several Quick Impact Projects to date, including the construction of schools, hospitals, water wells, free medical care and several others which have benefitted tens of thousands of Somalis. QIPS is funded mainly by the European Union, Italian and Danish governments.

SENIOR LEADERSHIP OVER THE YEARS

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE AU COMMISSION (SRCC)



Ambassador Nicolas Bwakira 2007 – 2009



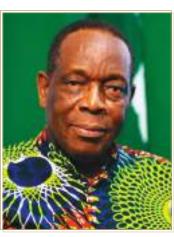
Ambassador Boubacar Gaoussou Diarra 2010 – 2012



Ambassador Mahamat Saleh Annadif 2012 – 2014



Ambassador Maman Sidikou 2014 – 2015



Ambassador Francisco Caetano Jose Madeira Dec 2015 – Ongoing

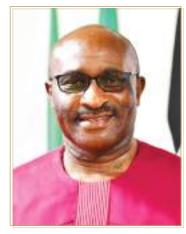
DEPUTY SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE AU COMMISSION (DSRCC)



Hon. Wafula Wamunyinyi 2010 – 2014



Hon. Lydia Wanyoto Mutende 2014 – 2017



Hon. Simon Mulongo Sept 2017 – Ongoing

FORCE COMMANDERS



Maj. Gen. Levi Karuhanga 2007 – 2008



Maj. Gen. Francis Okello 2008 – 2009



Maj. Gen. Nathan Mugisha 2009 – 2011



Maj. Gen. Fred Mugisha 2011 – 2012



Lt. Gen. Andrew Gutti 2012 – 2013



Lt. Gen. Silas Ntigurirwa 2013 - 2014



Lt. Gen. Jonathon Kipkemoi Rono 2014 – 2015



Lt. Gen. Osman Noor Soubagleh 2016 – 2018



Lt. Gen. Jim Owoyesigire 2018 – 2019



Lt. Gen. Tigabu Yilma Wondimhunegn 2019 – 2020



Lt. Gen. Diomede Ndegeya Aug 2020 – Ongoing

POLICE COMMISSIONERS



Commissioner Hudson Benzu 2008 - 2011



Senior Assistant Commissioner of Police Dr. Charles Makono 2011 – 2012



Brigadier Anand Pillay 2014 – 2017



Assistant Inspector General of Police Augustine Magnus Kailie 2019 – Ongoing













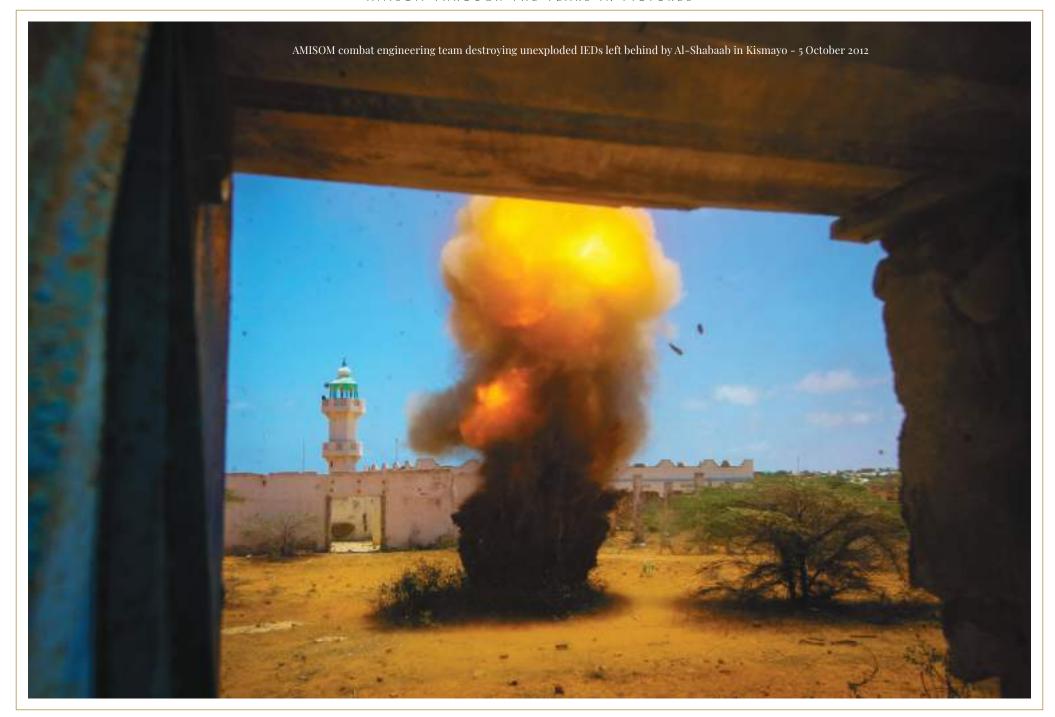
Strong Partnership for Peace and Security in Somalia

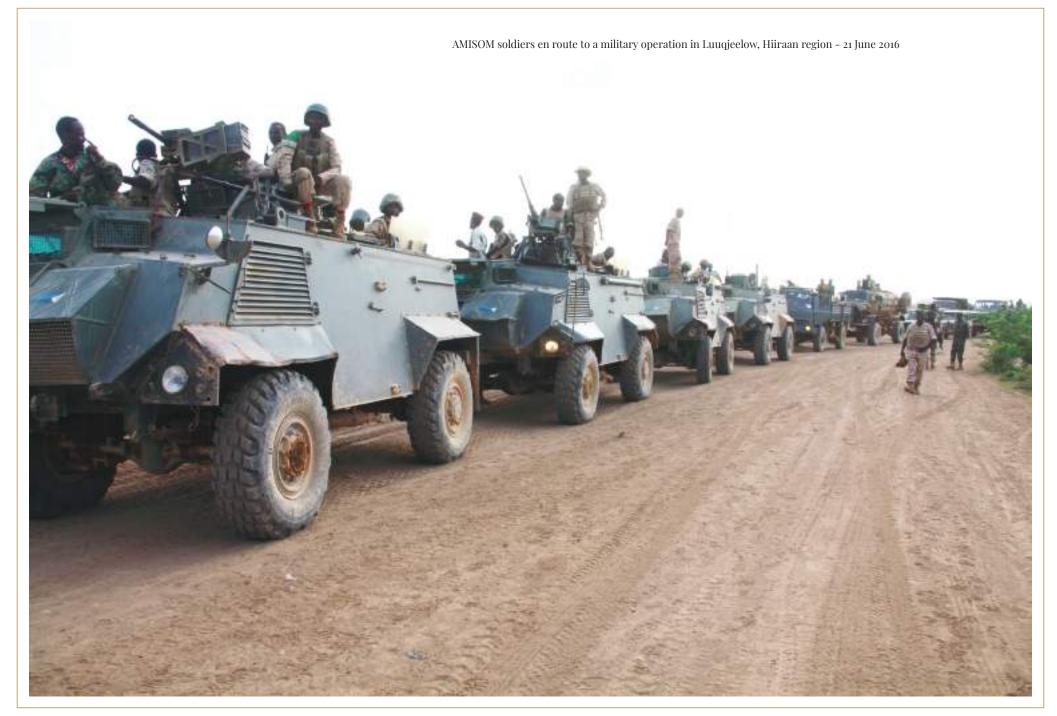


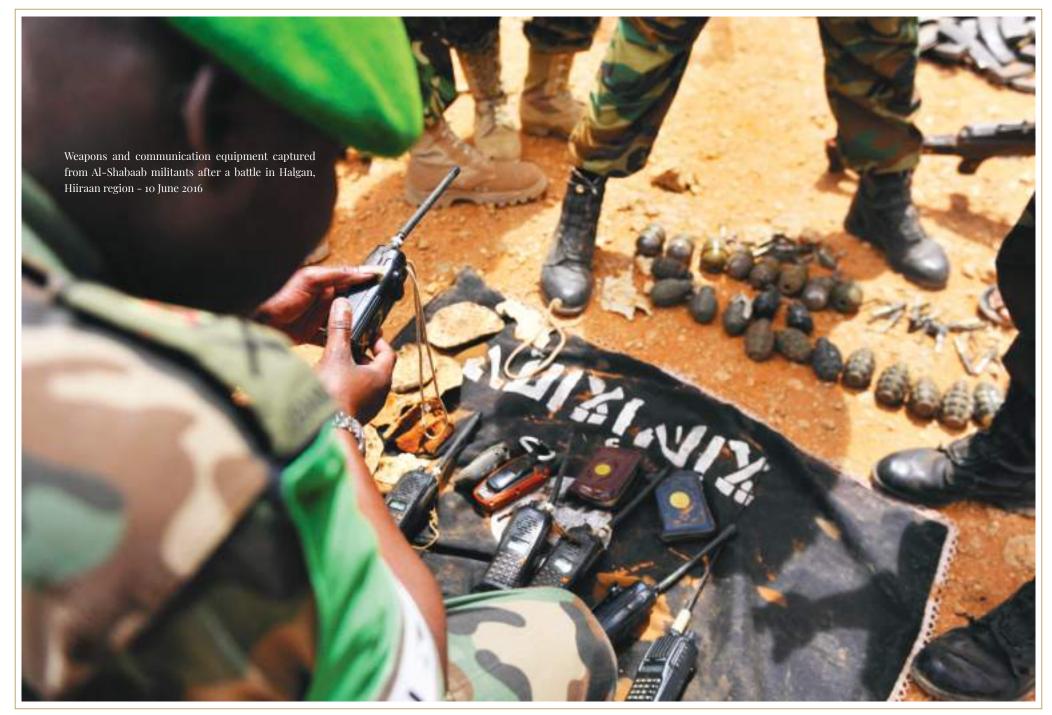
The military component is tasked with degrading Al-Shabaab and other armed groups with the Somali National Army (SNA) with whom they work closely and regularly undertake joint military operations against extremist groups. It is the biggest component of the mission and includes contingents drawn from selected Troop Contributing Countries (TCC). Beyond the TCCs, AMSIOM has specialised officers/experts deployed from all over Africa who support the Military Headquarters. AMISOM TCCs include Uganda, Burundi, Kenya, Ethiopia, and Djibouti.

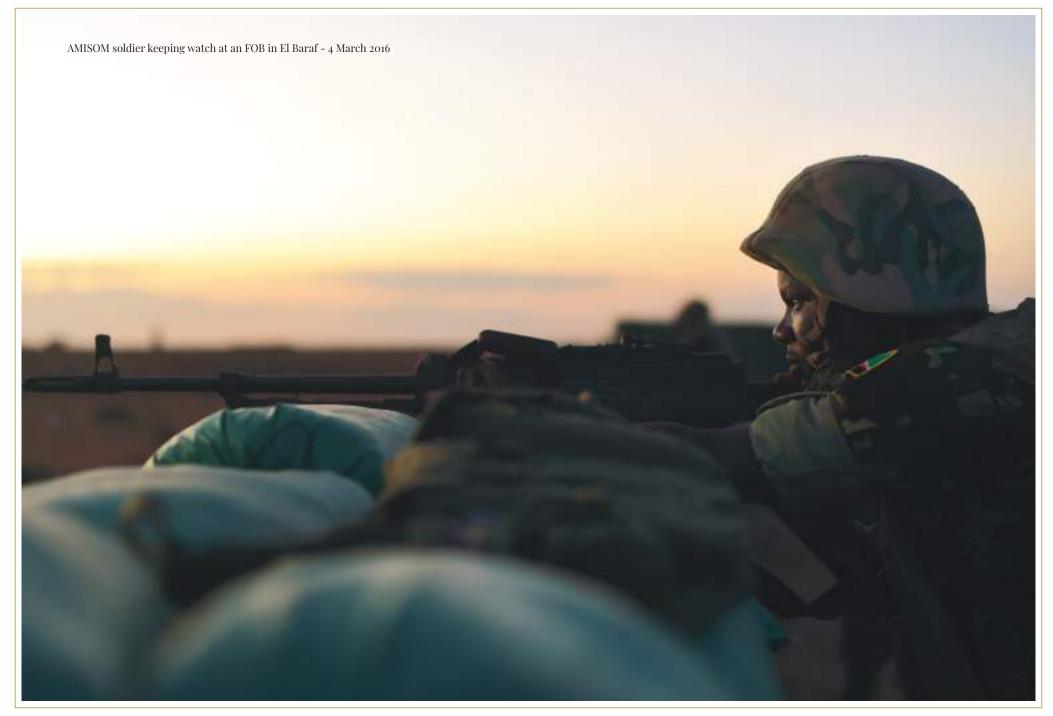
MILITARY OPERATIONS





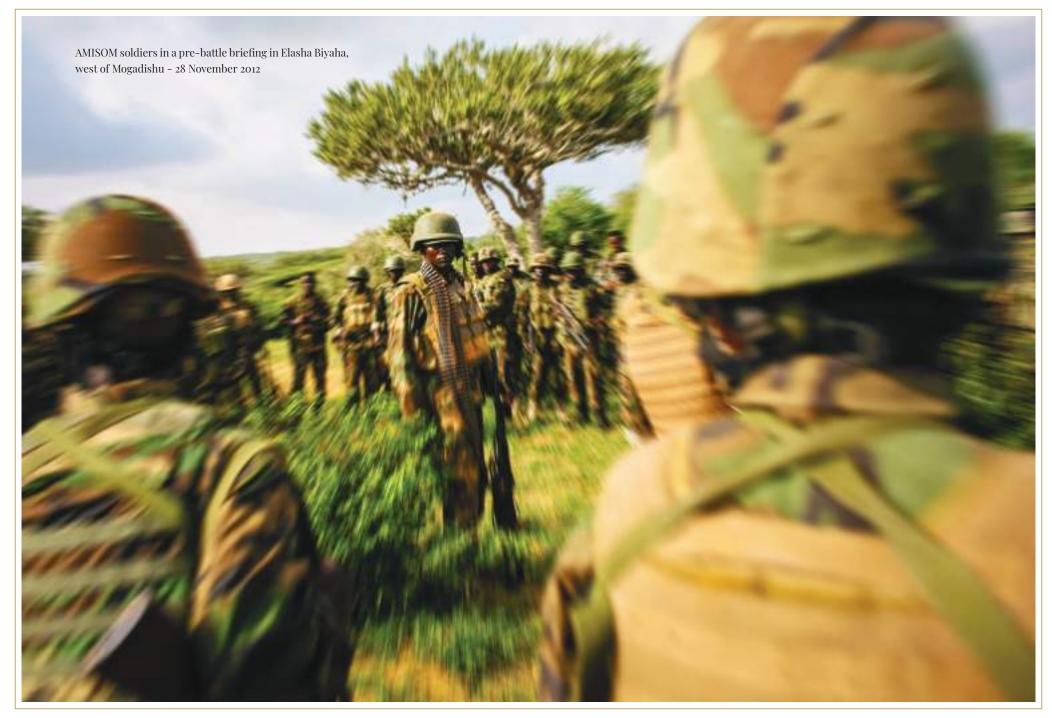






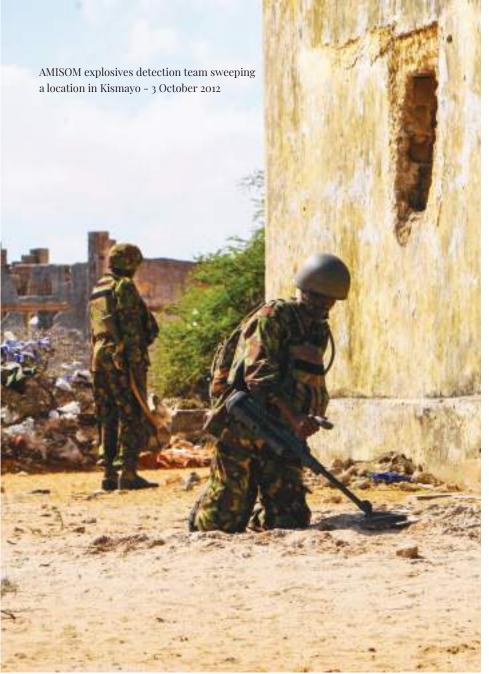




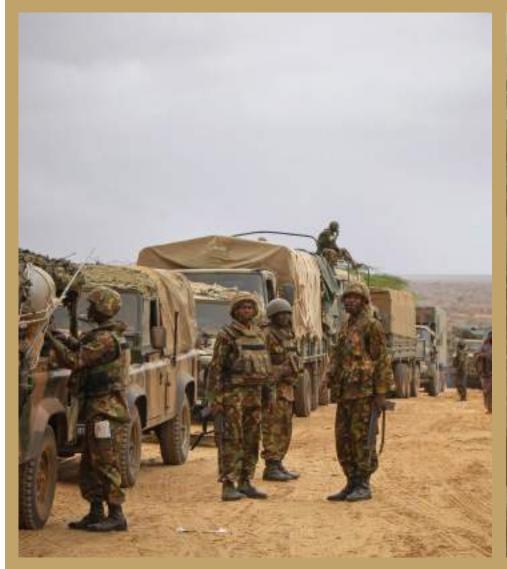






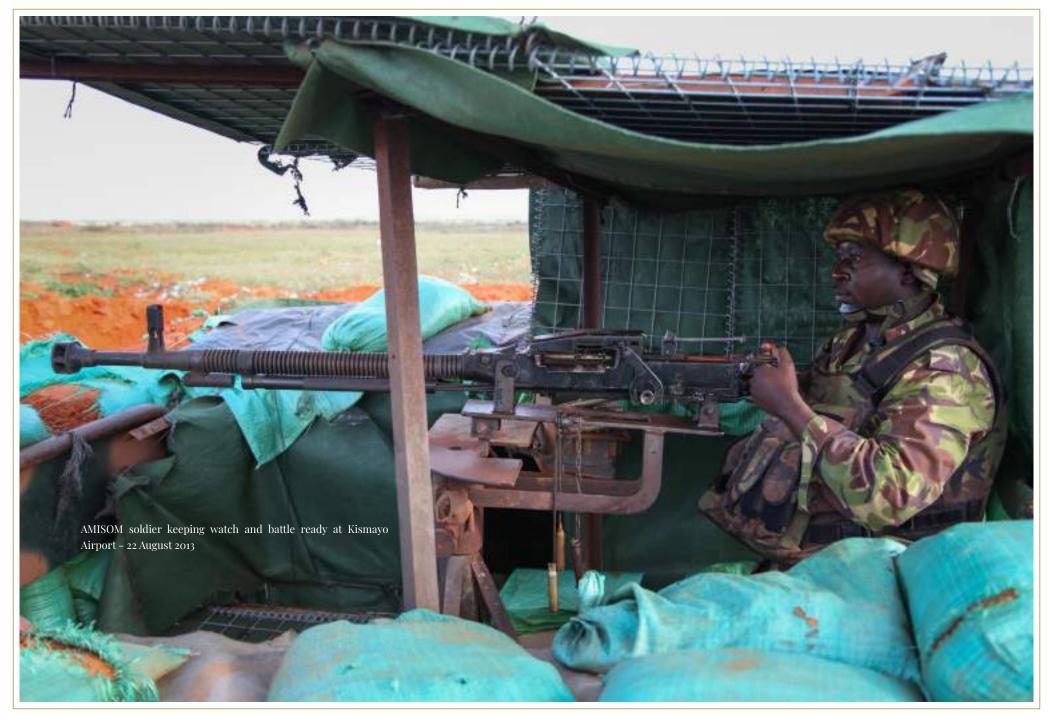


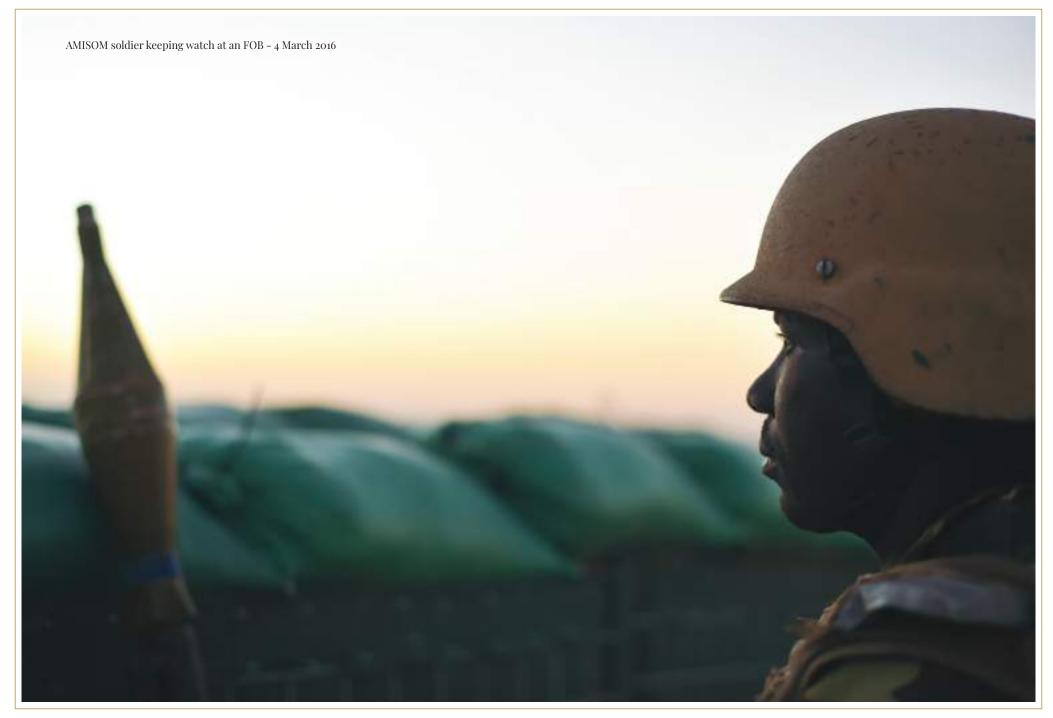


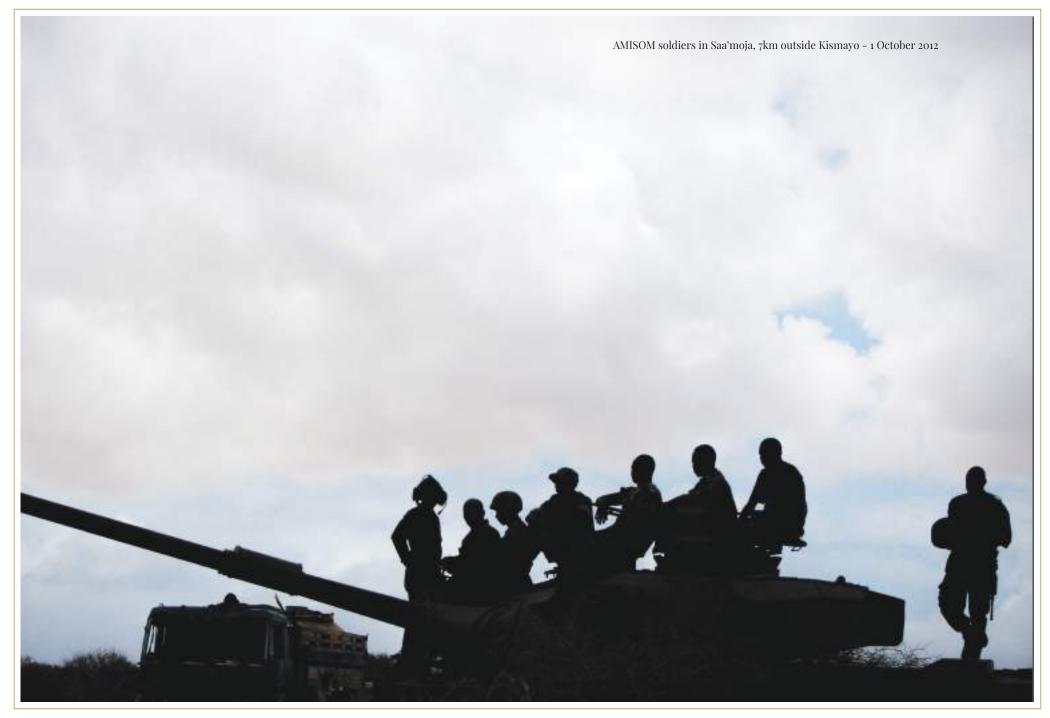




AMISOM convoy advancing to liberate Kismayo - 2 October 2012





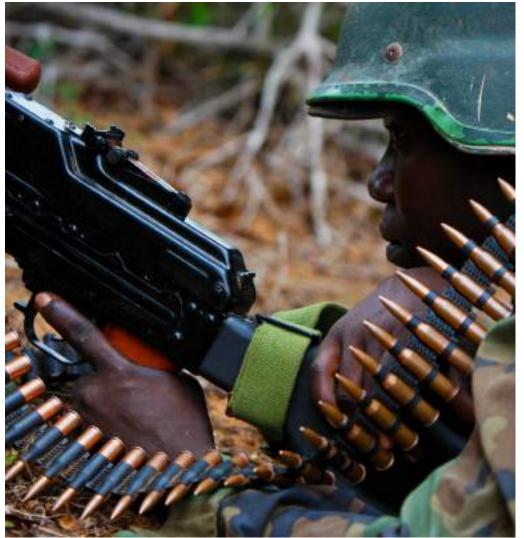




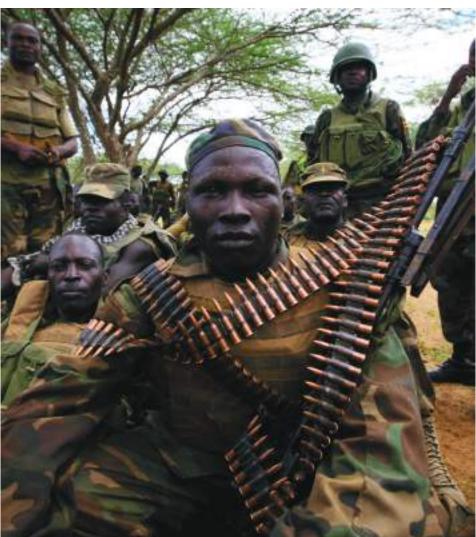


AMISOM soldiers at the frontine outside Kismayo - 26 September 2013





AMISOM soldier maintaining a defensive position during the $\,$ battle to secure the Afgooye corridor in the Lower Shabelle region - 22 May 2012



AMISOM soldiers advancing to Afgooye in the Lower Shabelle region - 25 May 2012



AMISOM soldiers in a briefing ahead of an operation in Afgooye- 25 May 2012



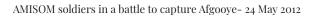
Local community cheering AMISOM and SNA soldiers as they advance to liberate Afgooye - 25 May 2012



AMISOM soldiers firing mortar rounds towards enemy positions on the frontline near Afgooye - 24 May 2012

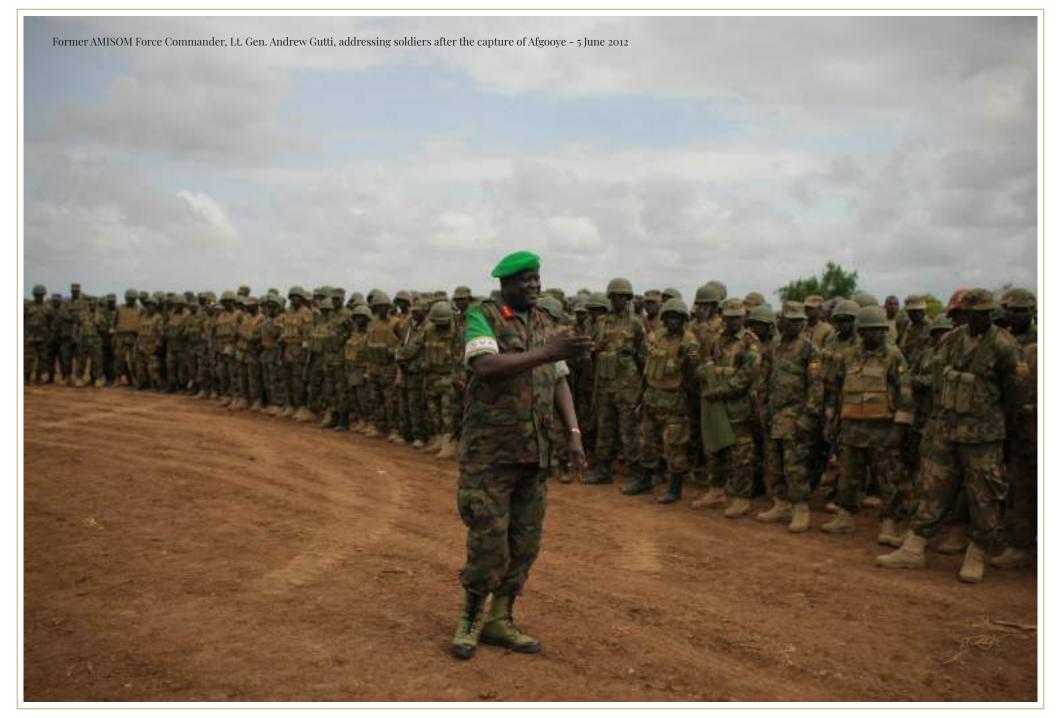








AMISOM soldiers firing at enemy positions in Gashandiga, north Mogadishu - 7 March 2011





- Al-Shabaab fighters disengage and lay down arms in Lower Shabelle - 22 September 2012
- 2. AMISOM soldiers screen disengaged Al-Shabaab fighters 22 September 2012
- 3. AMISOM commanders receive disengaged Al-Shabaab fighters before they undergo rehabilitation 22 September 2012

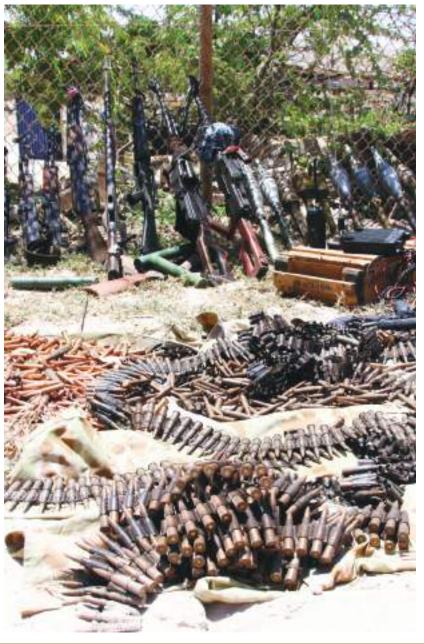


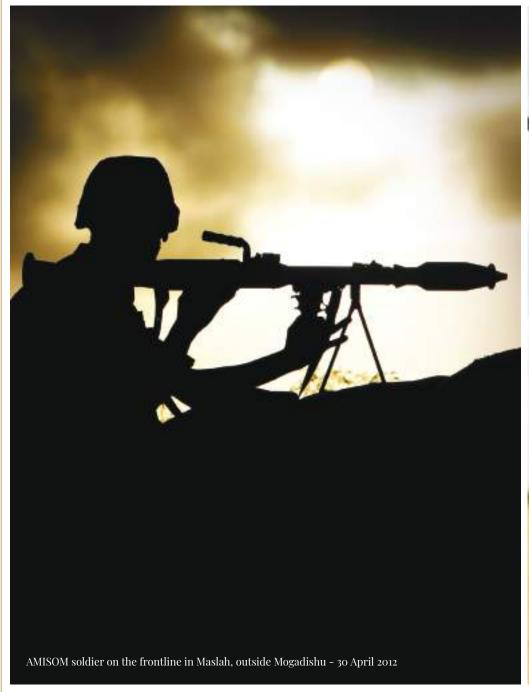




Weapons seized from Al-Shabaab by AMISOM on display at a hand over ceremony to the FGS in Mogadishu - 27 February 2020

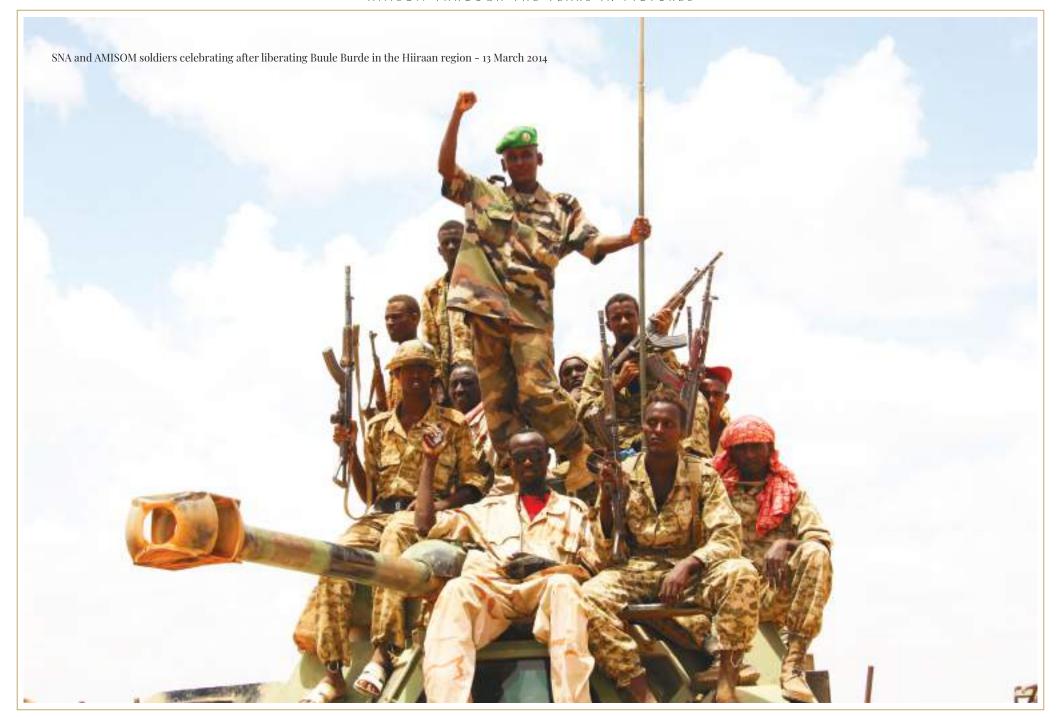
Weapons captured in cordon and search operations by SSF and AMISOM in Mogadishu - 15 August 2015



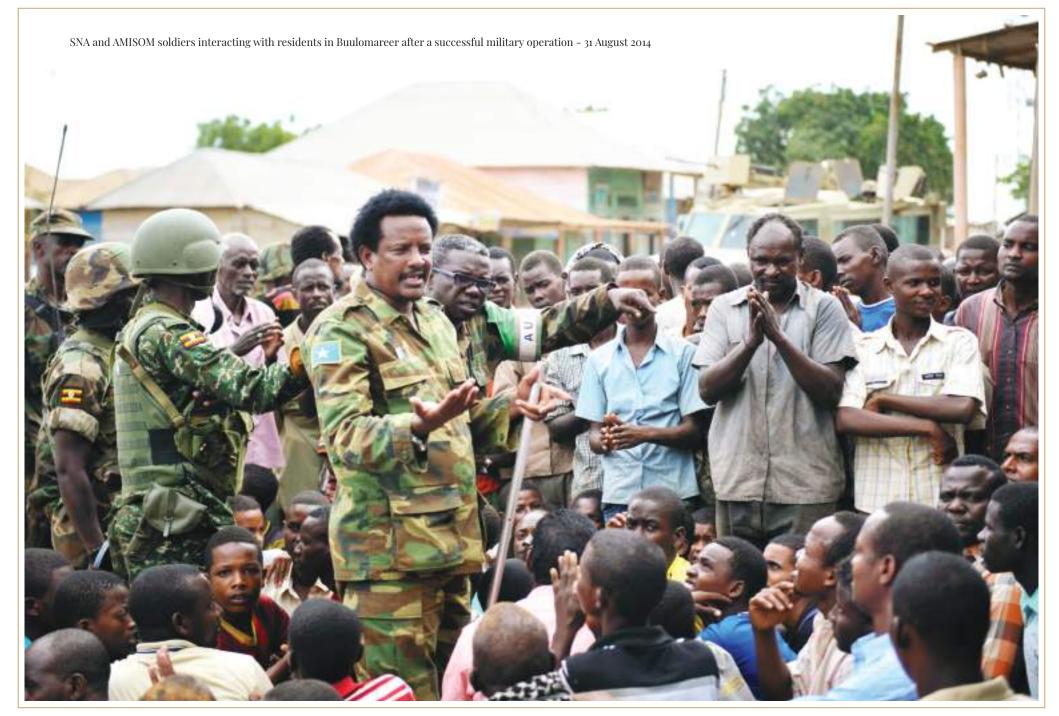






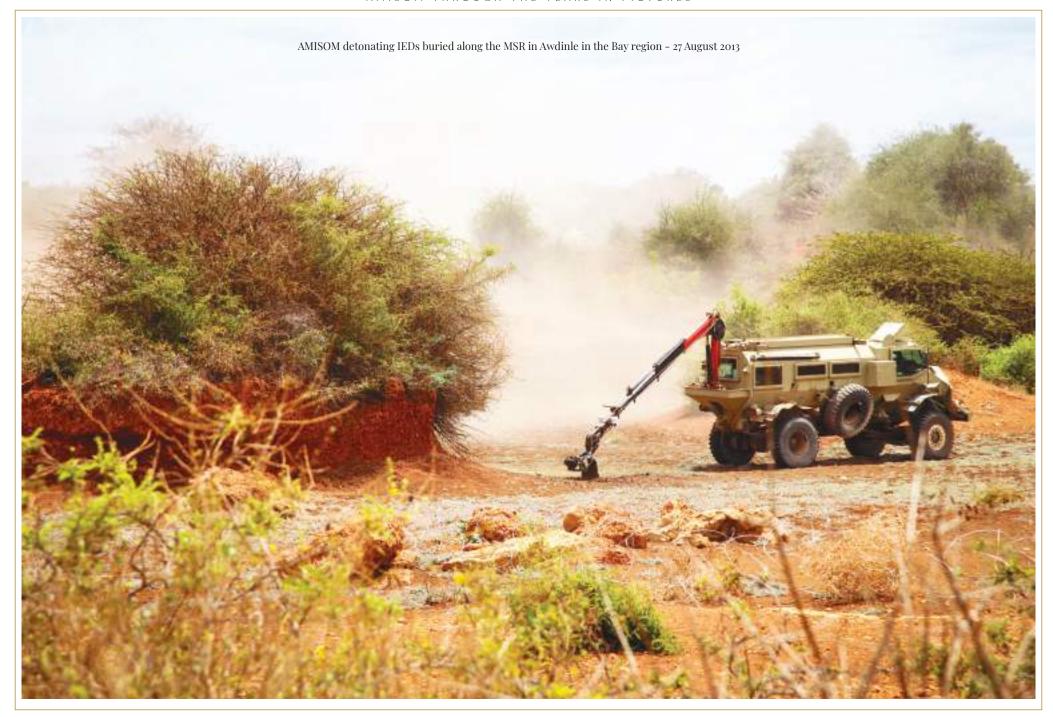










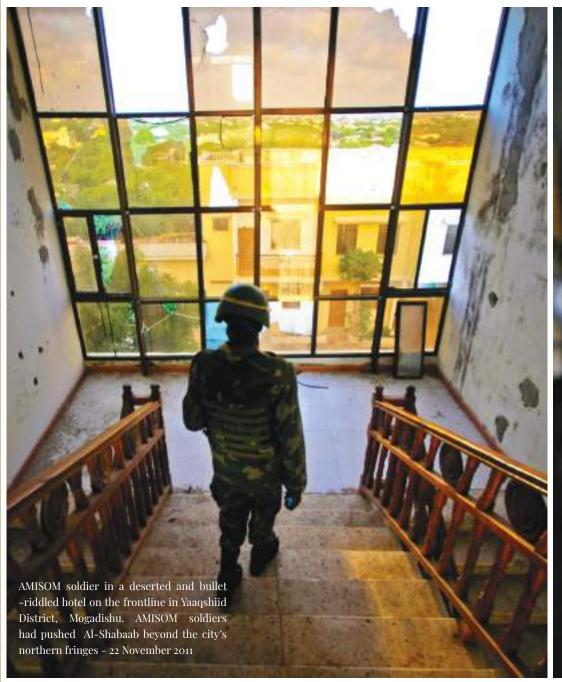


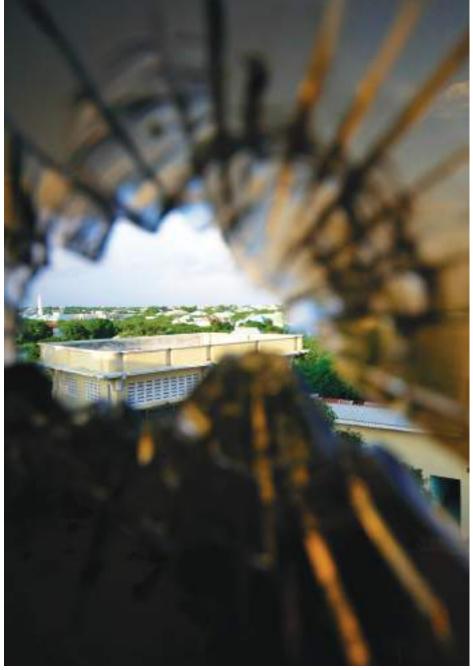


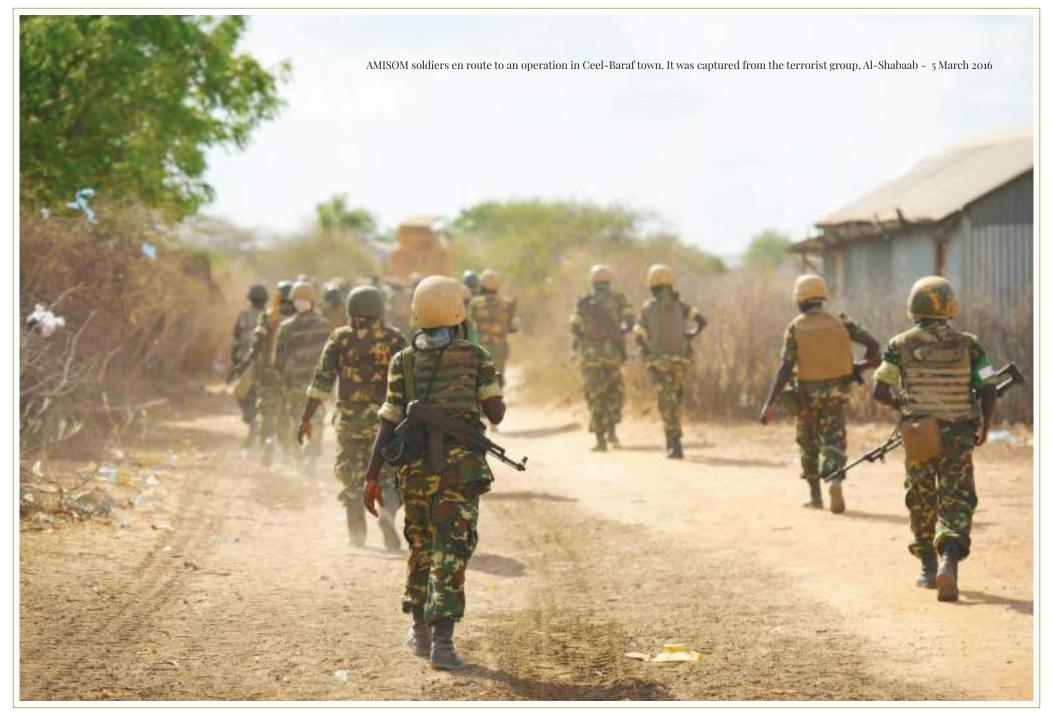
AMISOM soldiers setting up defence barriers at the frontline near Maslah, north of Mogadishu – 30 April 2012

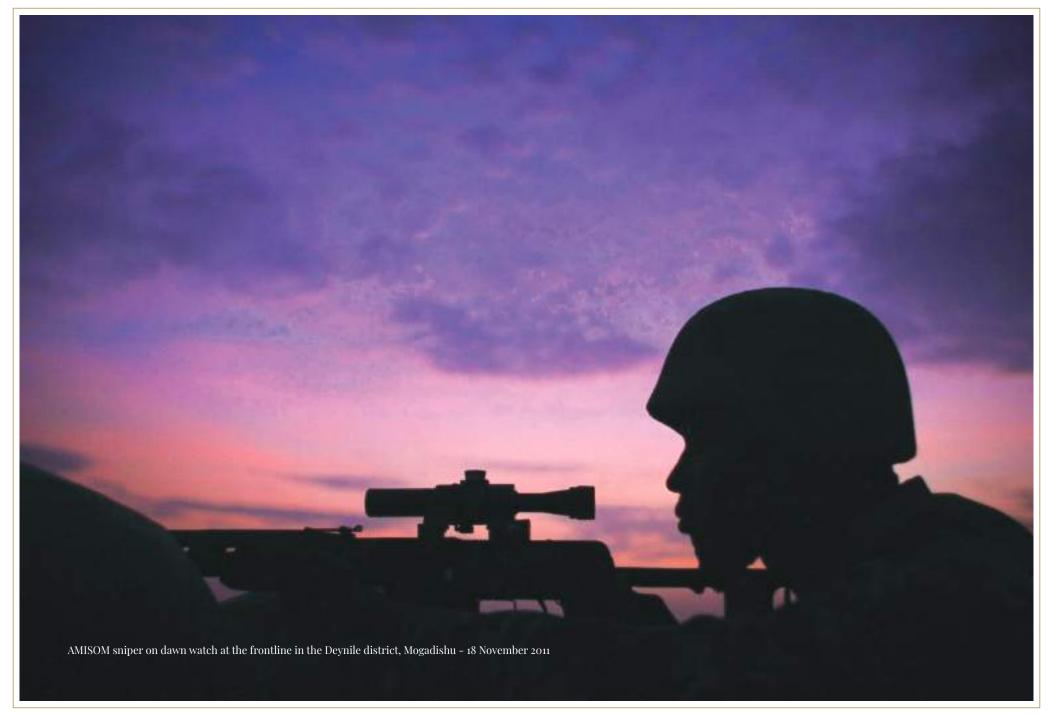


 $AMISOM\ soldiers\ setting\ up\ defence\ lines\ at\ Gashandiga,\ north\ Mogadishu\ -\ 7\ March\ 2011$





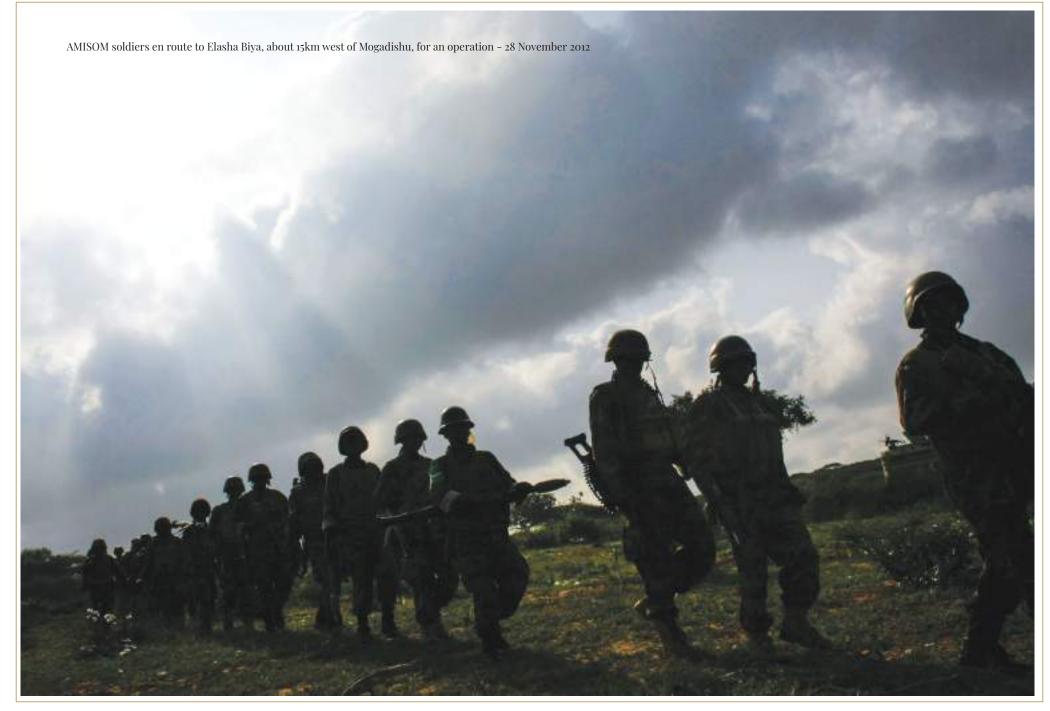


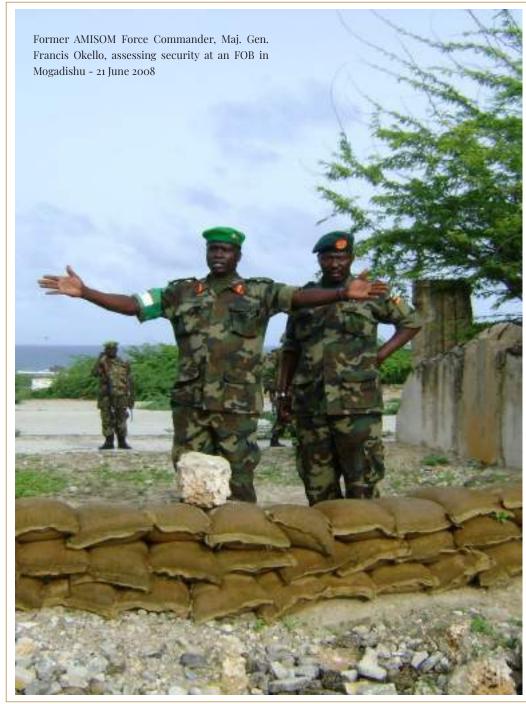


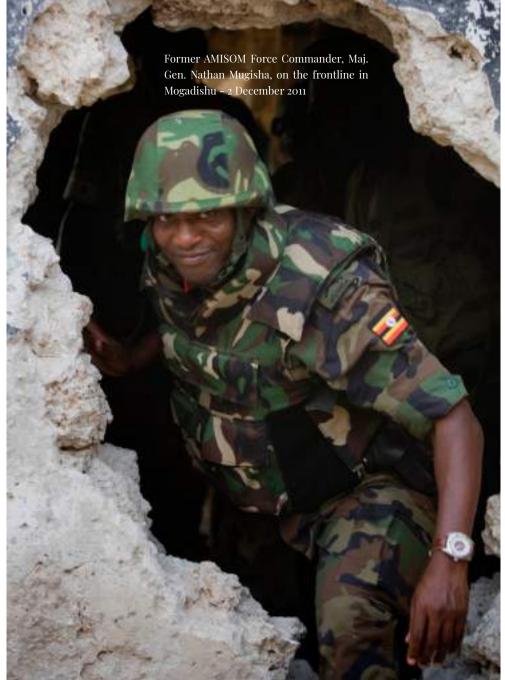


















Former AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Jonathan Rono (right), visiting the frontline in Jereredo FOB in Middle Shabelle region - 4 July 2015



Former AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Osman Noor Soubagleh, and other senior military officers inspecting a defence perimeter at an FOB in Baidoa - 19 February 2017





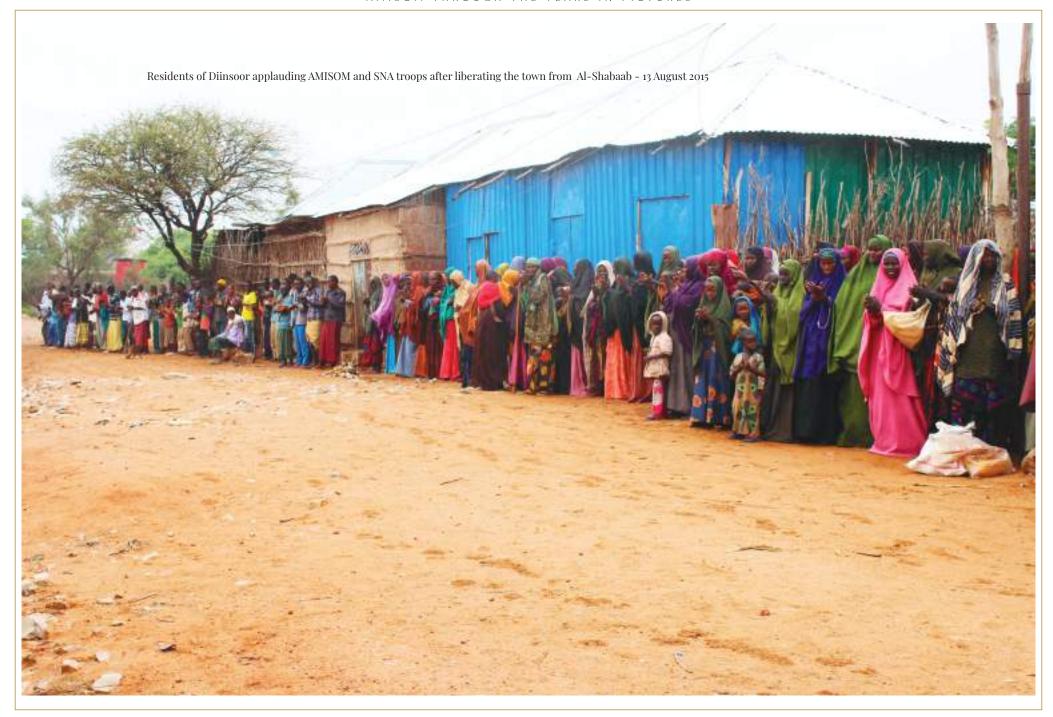
Former AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Tigabu Yilma Wondimhunegn (left), visiting AMISOM Sector Four headquarters in Beletweyne, Hiiraan region - 2 March 2019



AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Diomede Ndegeya (right), visiting the AMISOM Sector Four headquarters in Beletweyne – 15 September 2020









AMISOM soldiers en route to an operation in Ragaele in the Hiiraan region - 30 September 2014





AMISOM soldiers on a parade in Beletweyne - 22 February 2015

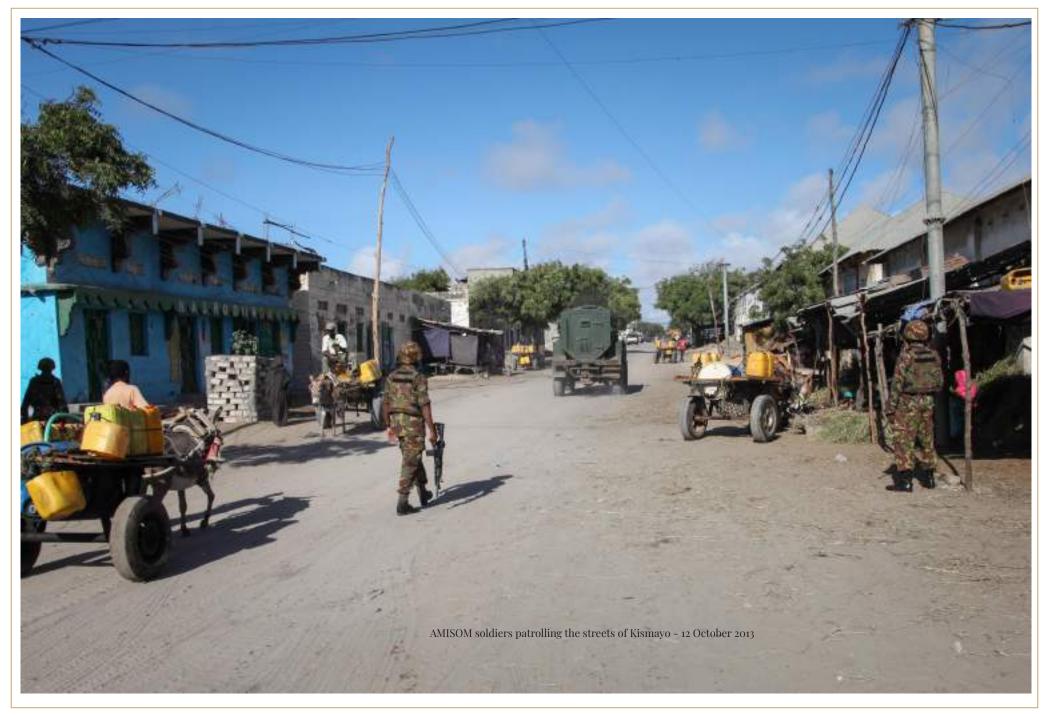


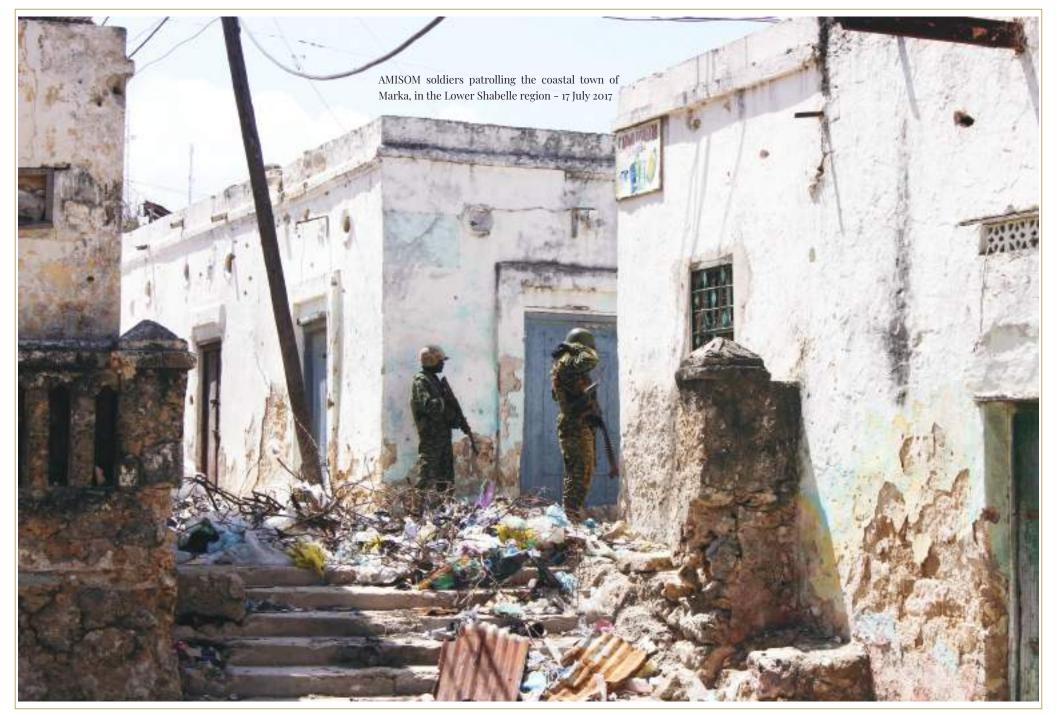
AMISOM soldiers going back home at the end of their duty tour - 2 January 2018

PATROL





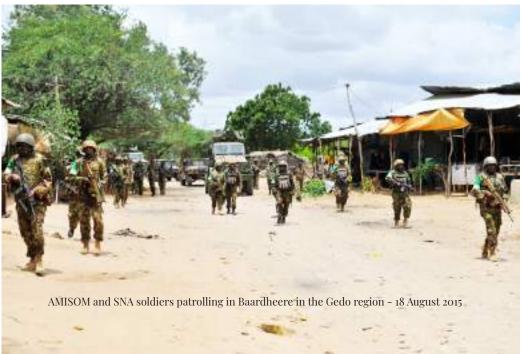


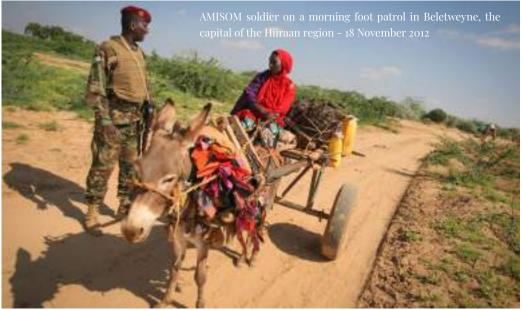


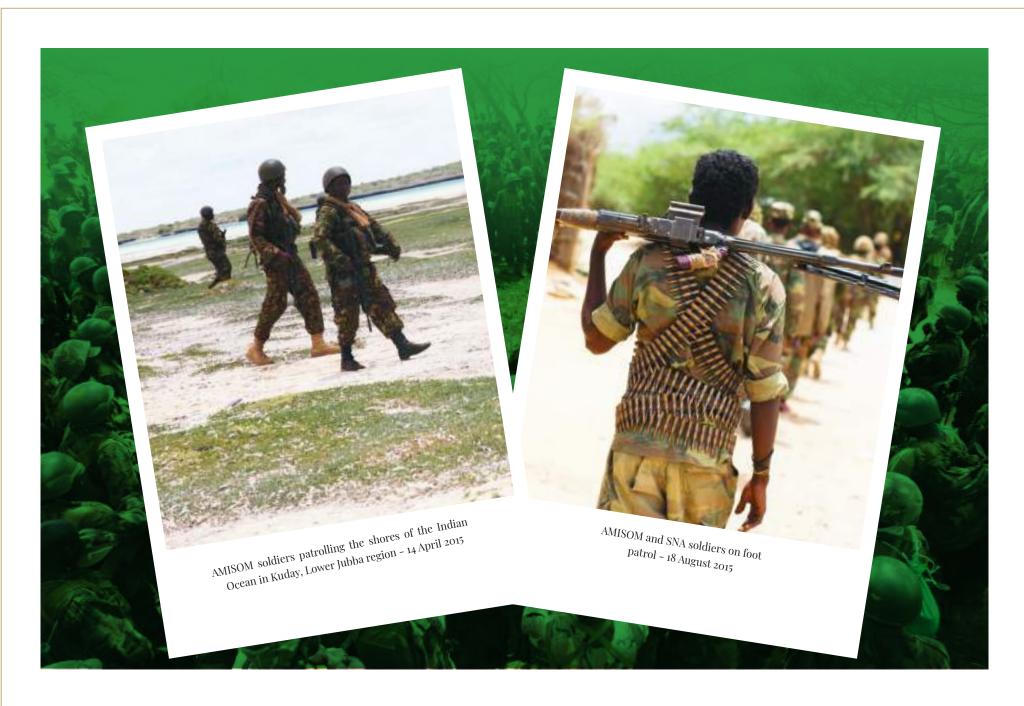




AMISOM soldiers at a briefing a parade ahead of a patrol in Biyo Adde, Middle Shabelle region - $7\,\mathrm{March}\,2016$





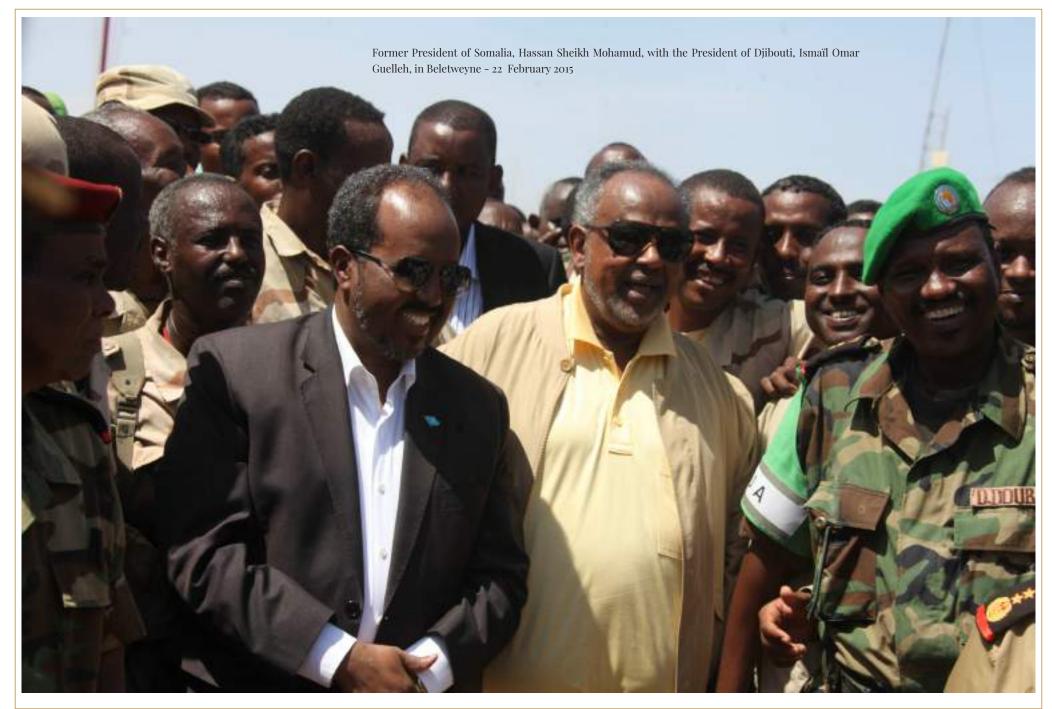


HIGH LEVEL VISITS TO THE MILITARY

















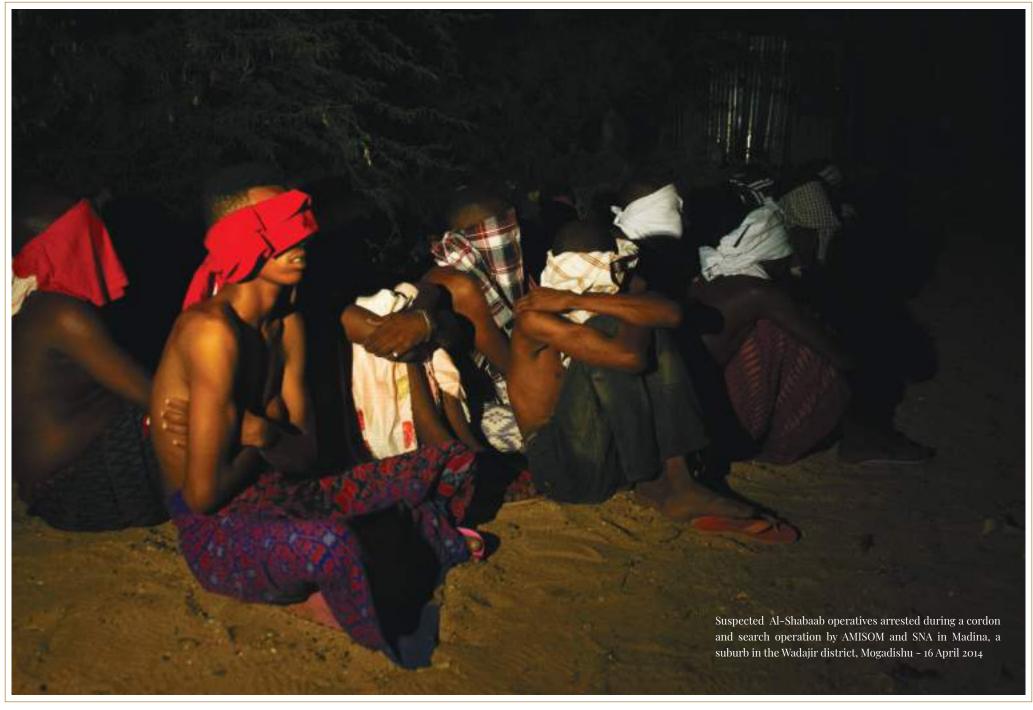








The Chief of Policy Development at the African Union Peace Support Operations Division (AU-PSOD), Zinurine Alghali, interacting with an AMISOM soldier recovering at a hospital in Nairobi, Kenya - 17 May 2019.



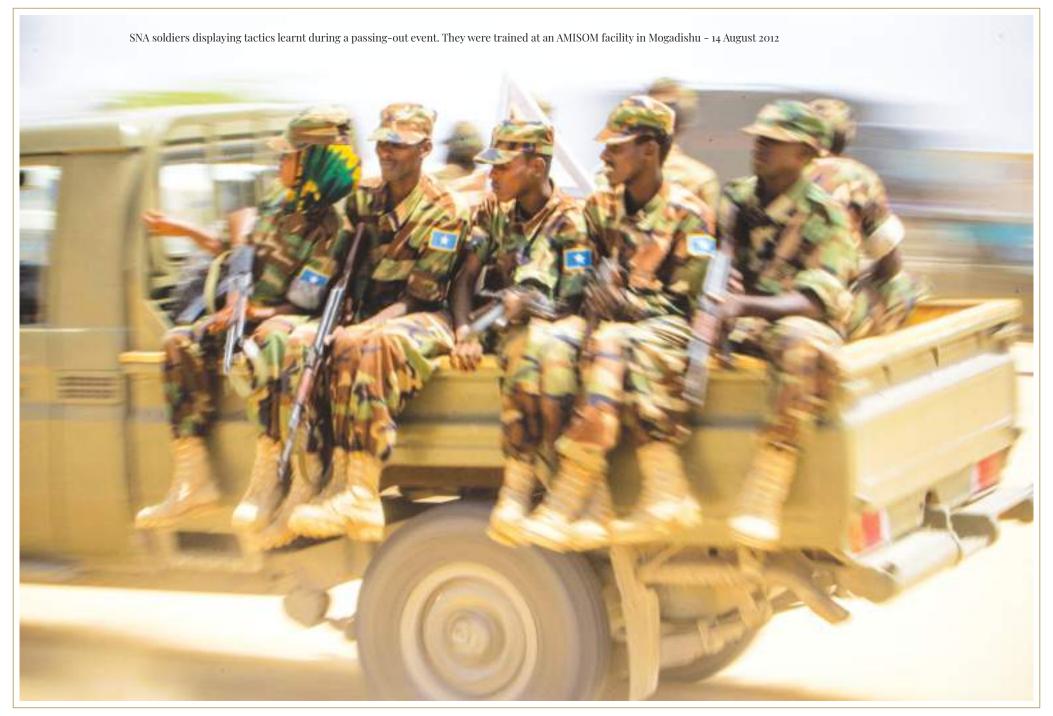


AMISOM soldiers patrolling KM4, in Mogadishu, - 26 June 2007



AMISOM soldier patrolling in Beletweyne, Hiiraan region - 18 November 2012

CAPACITY BUILDING















CIVIL-MILITARY COOPERATION (CIMIC)





AMISOM soldier handing out flyers in Abdalla Birolle village near Kismayo - 13 December 2016

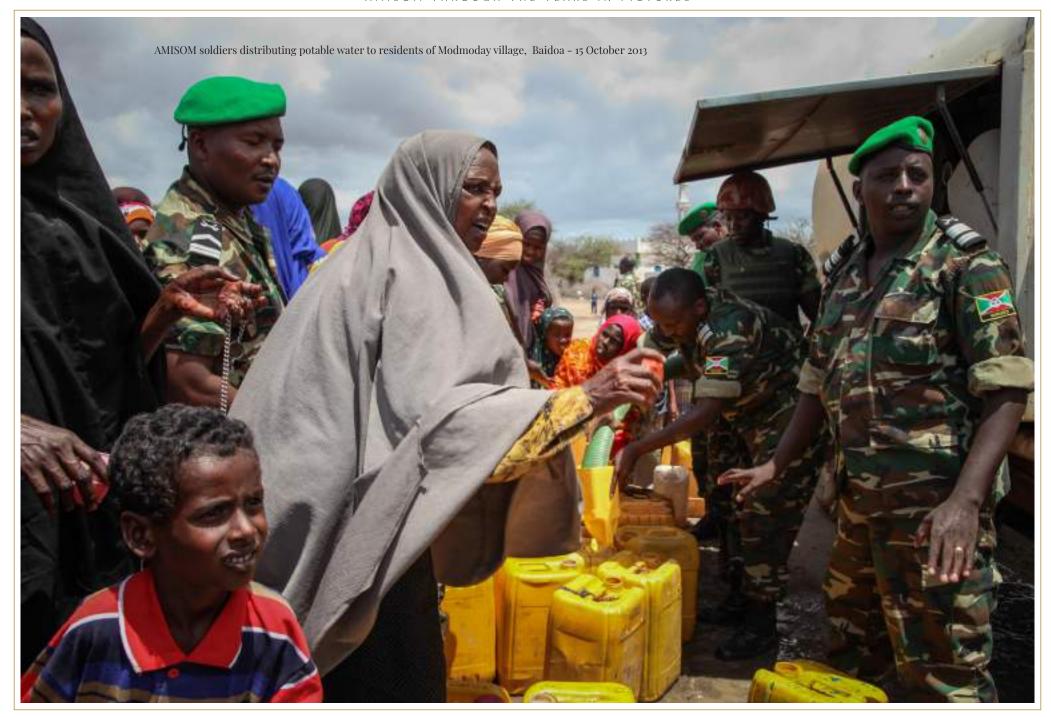


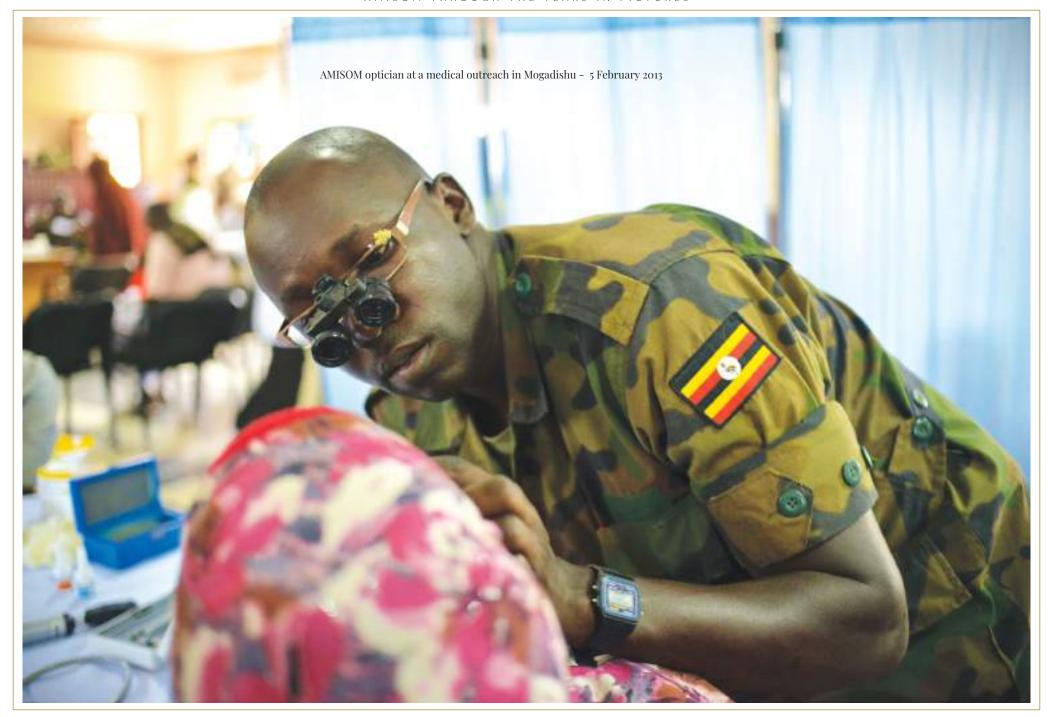
AMISOM soldier in Kabhanley village, central Somalia, after a meeting with clan members in the community - 29 August 2013



















MORE ACTIVITIES





Somalia CDF Gen. Odowaa Yusuf Rage (middle), AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Diomede Ndegeya (left) and AMISOM Deputy Force Commander in charge Operations and Plans, Maj. Gen. William Kitsao Shume (right), at the AMISOM Force HQ in Mogadishu – 15 April 2021





Former AMISOM Force Commander, Lt. Gen. Jonathan Rono, with former Somalia CDF Maj. Gen. Mohamed Adan Ahmed and other SNA senior officers in Mogadishu – 27 October 2015













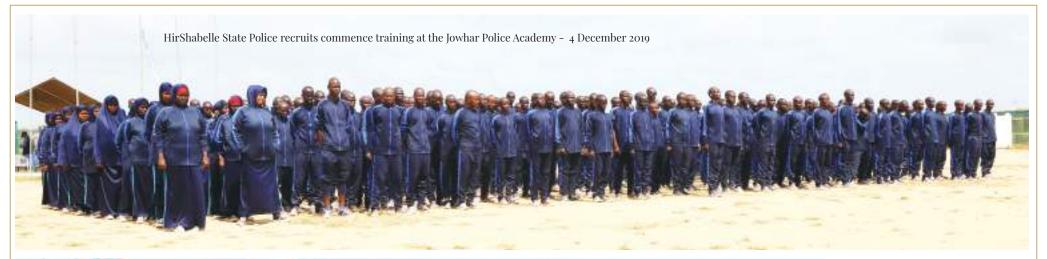


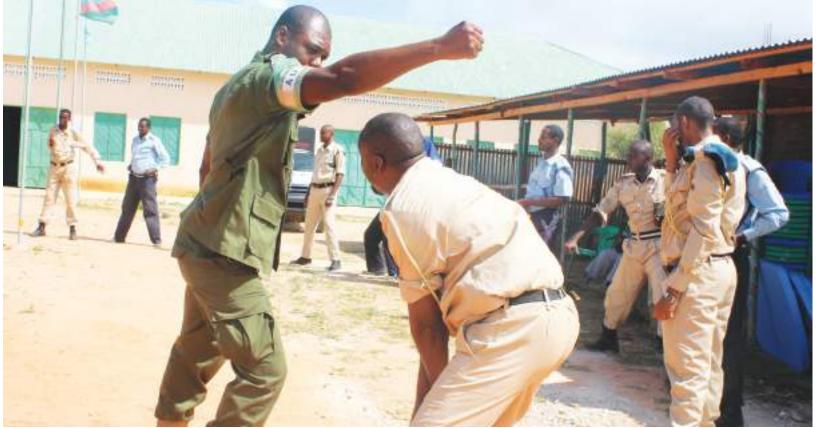


AMISOM Police is mandated to train, mentor and advise the Somali Police Force (SPF) on the maintenance of law and order and to establish a robust, competent, and professional police force. The component includes both Individual Police Officers (IPOs) and Formed Police Units (FPUs).



RECRUITMENT AND VETTING

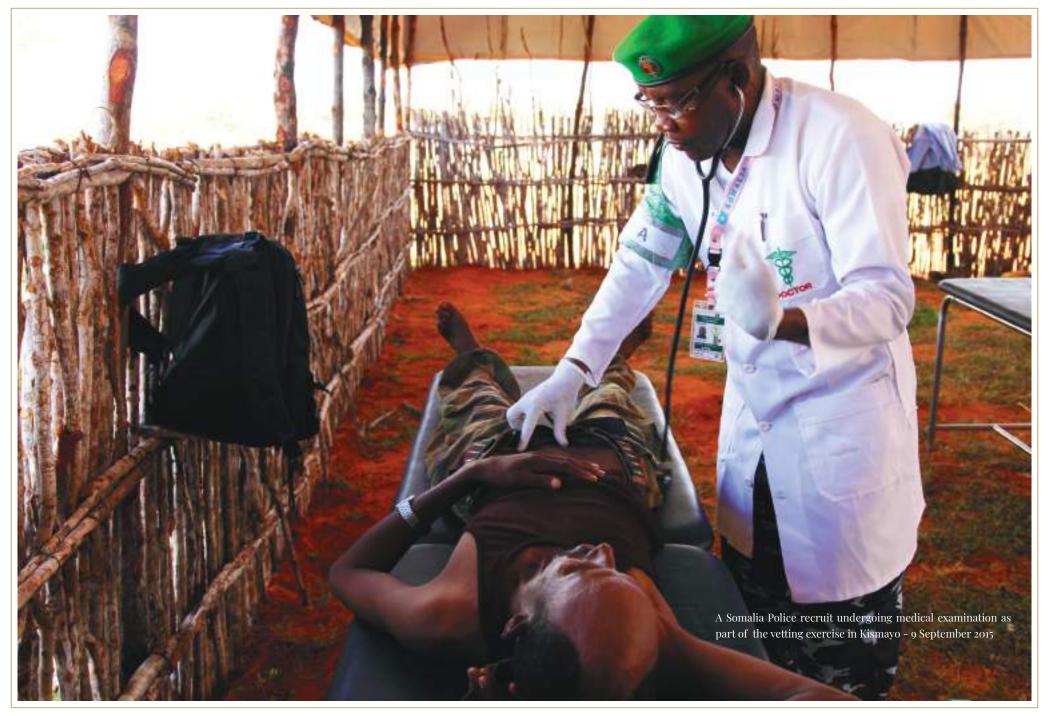




AMISOM Police instructor sparring with an SPF trainee at a Close Protection Training in Baidoa - 30 May 2015









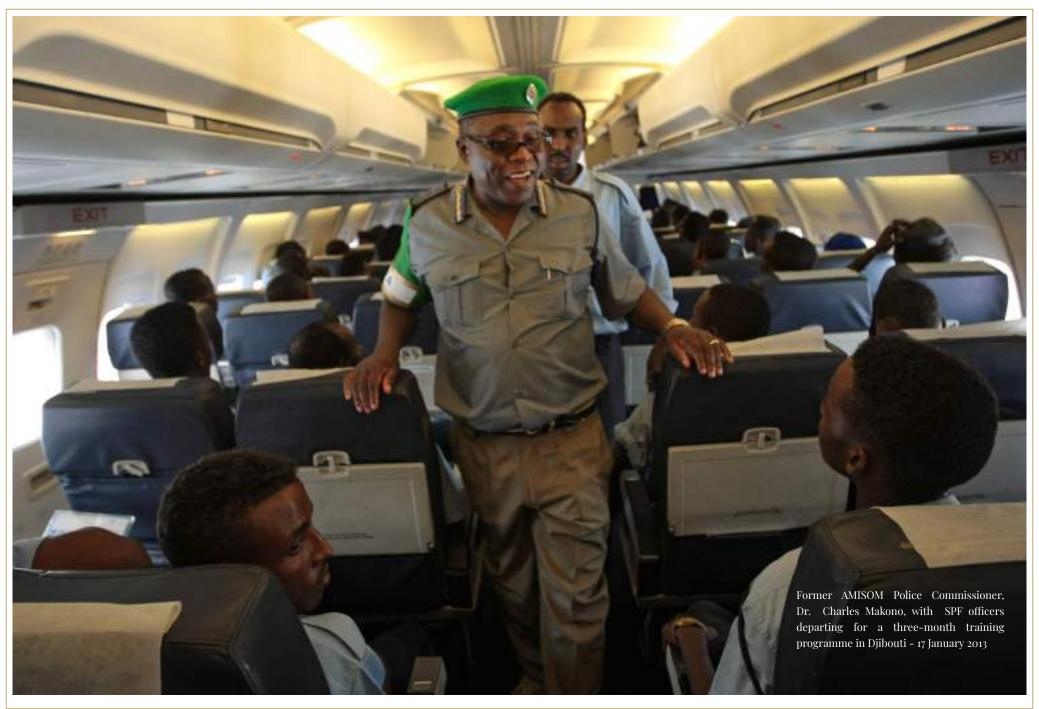
Somalia Police recruits demonstrating newly acquired tactics. This was at a ceremony to mark the completion of their training in Kismayo - 24 April 2017



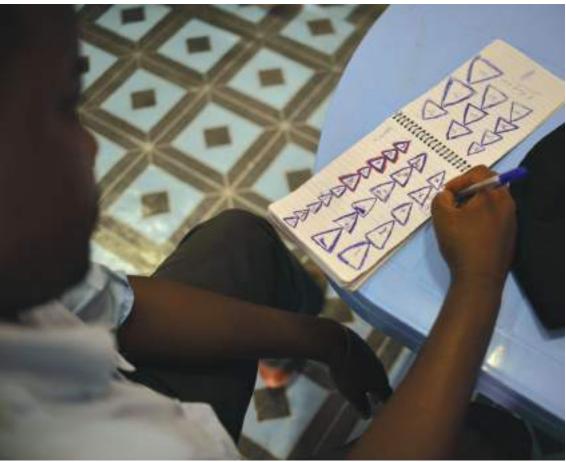
AMISOM Police Reforms, Restructuring and Development Coordinator, ACP Maxwell Chikunguru, facilitating a Training of Trainers workshop ahead of a vetting and recruitment exercise for South West State Police Force - 10 June 2019



CAPACITY BUILDING







SPF officer at a defence driving training in Mogadishu - 12 January 2013







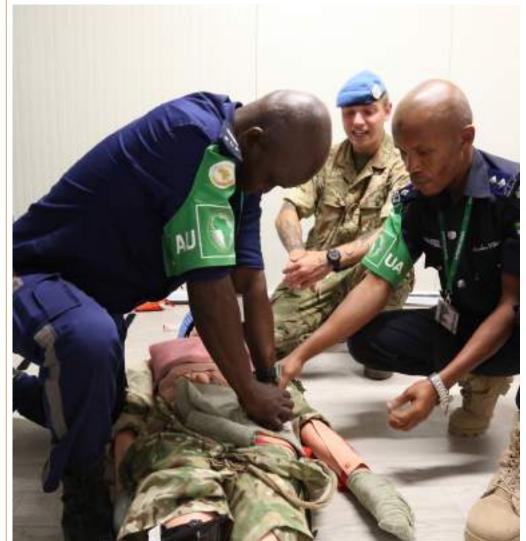




Training of South West State Police on Public Order Management in Baidoa - 20 July 2018



AMISOM Police personnel in a medical training programme supervised by a UN military advisor - 5 March 2018





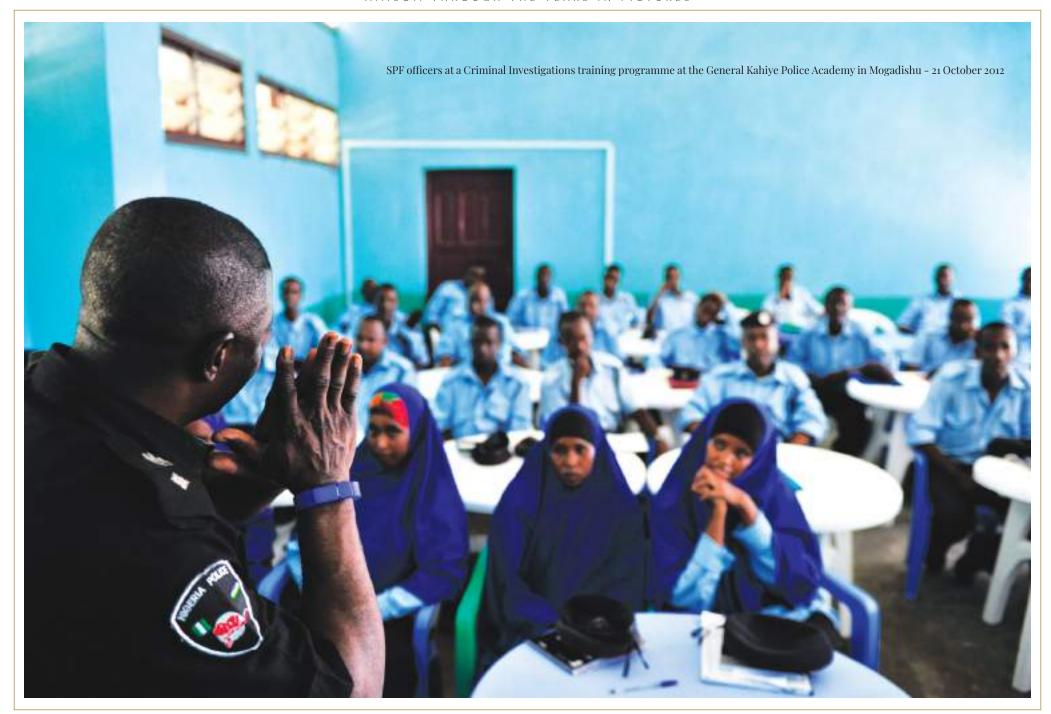
AMISOM and SPF instructors in a joint training on Community Policing for SPF officers at the General Kahiye Police Training Academy, Mogadishu - 2 August 2021







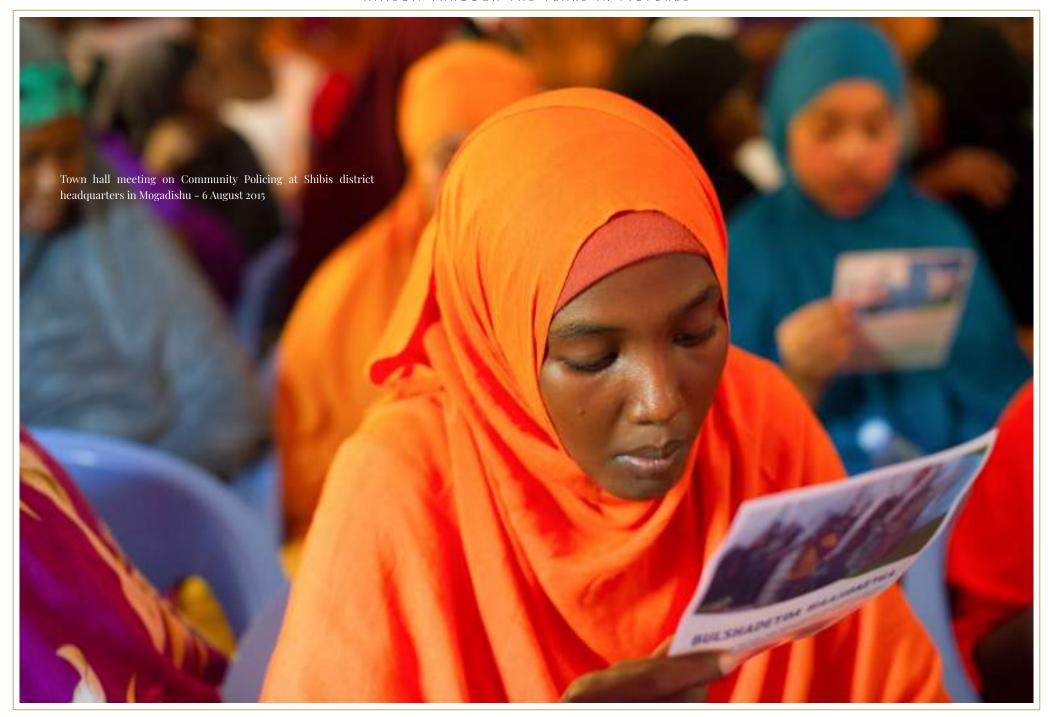




COMMUNITY POLICING



















Youth engagement on Community Policing to counter violent extremism in Mogadishu – 5 March 2016



Outrecah on Community Policing in Baidoa - 8 December 2015

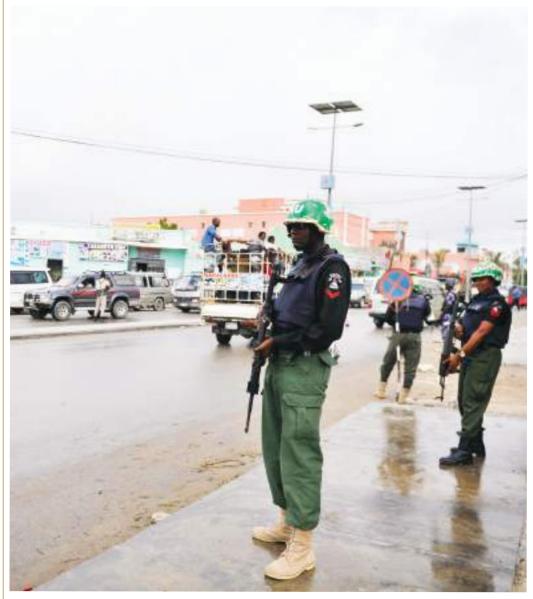


Community Policing outreach with residents from the Karan district in Mogadishu - 10 September 2015



PATROL

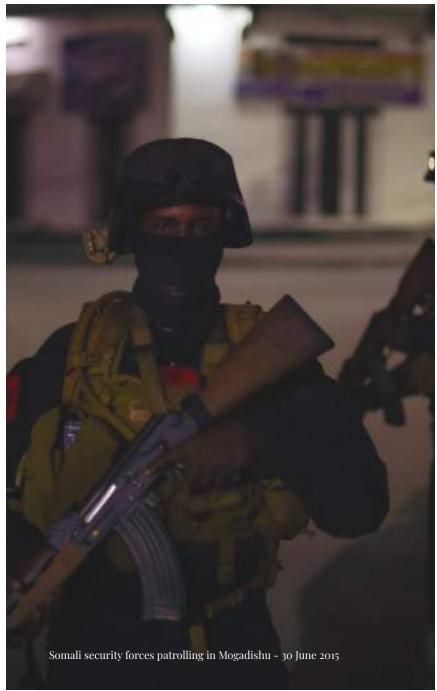
SPF and AMISOM Police personnel on joint patrol at KM4 in Mogadishu - 7 July 2015

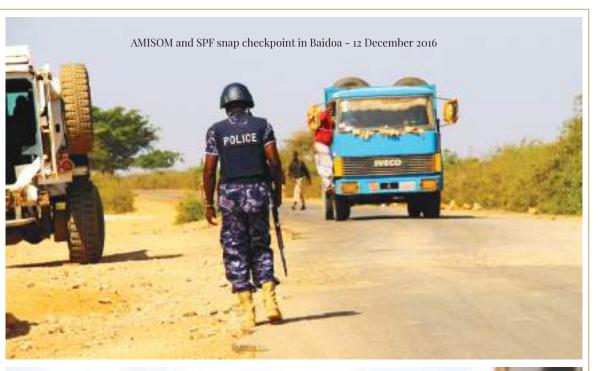


AMISOM Police officer on patrol in the Kaaran district, Mogadishu - 9 November 2012











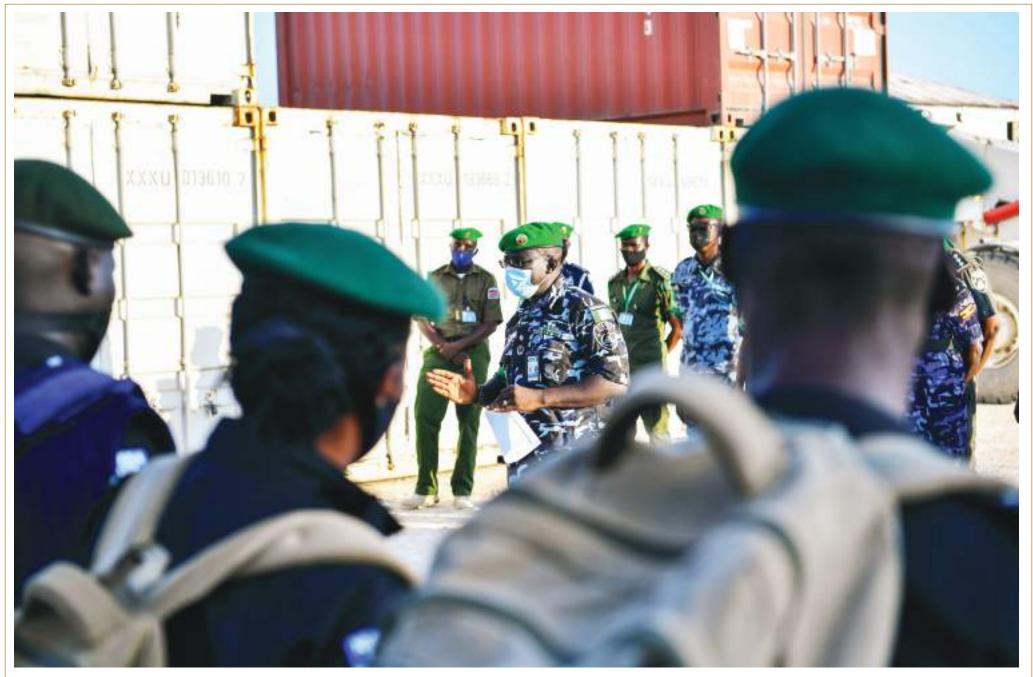




AMISOM Police securing a school examination centre in Mogadishu - 27 October 2012

AMISOM Police officer at Mogadishu Seaport - 9 November 2012

MORE ACTIVITIES



AMISOM Police Operations Coordinator, DCP Daniel Ali Gwambal, addressing newly deployed Nigerian FPU officers at the Aden Abdulle International Airport, Mogadishu - 17 April 2021



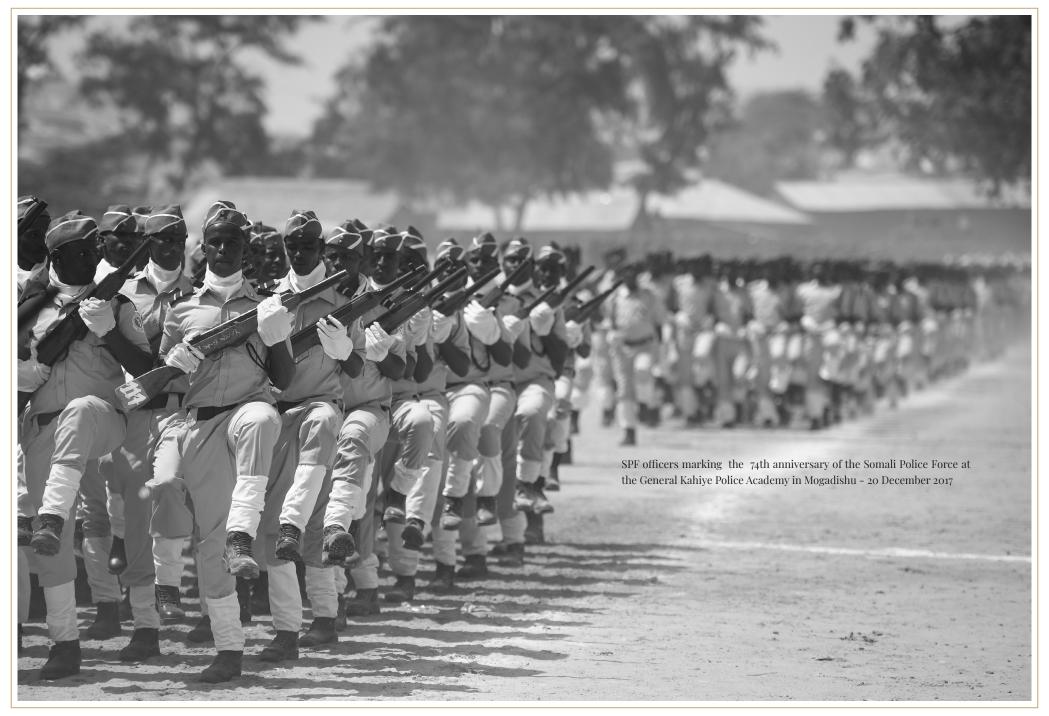


AMISOM Police Commissioner, AIGP Augustine Magnus Kailie (left), with police and military officers in Dhobley - 20 January 2020





AMISOM Police parade and medal awards ceremony in Mogadishu - 9 April 2013





The civilian team strengthens AMISOM's presence in Somalia by working with various stakeholders involved in Somalia's stabilisation efforts to build and re-establish governance structures. It also includes restoring both physical and social infrastructure, facilitating dialogue and reconciliation, facilitating humanitarian delivery, ensuring compliance with International Humanitarian Law (IHL/IHRL), providing support to the disarmament, demobilisation, and reintegration of armed groups, and coordinating with various partners and key players. With the ongoing transition however, the primary focus of the civilian component is to support the Mission's eventual drawdown, in line with the Somalia Transition Plan (STP) and ultimately Somali security forces taking over security responsibilities.

PARTNERSHIPS AND STRATEGIC ENGAGEMENTS







Former President of Somalia, Hassan Sheikh Mohamud, with the President of Kenya, Uhuru Kenyatta, at the historic 28th Extra-Ordinary IGAD Heads of State Summit in Mogadishu - 13 September 2016



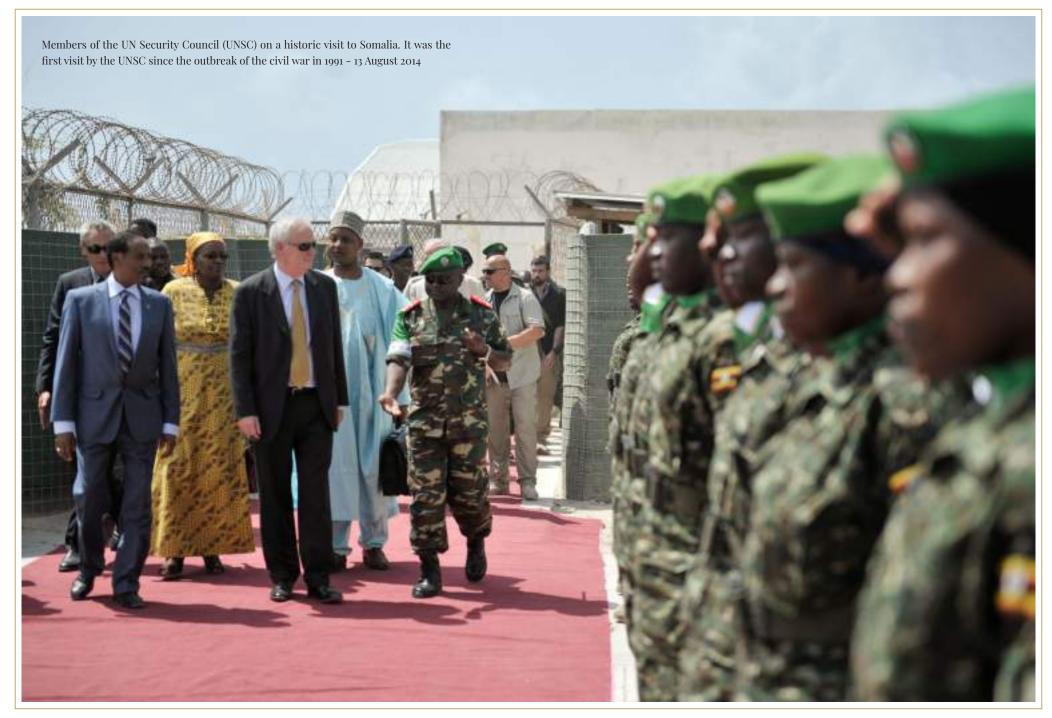
From left to right: President of Kenya, Uhuru Kenyatta, former President of Somalia, Hassan Sheikh Mohamud, former Ethiopian Prime Minister, Hailemariam Desalegn and former IGAD Executive Secretary, Mahboub Mohamed Maalim, at the historic 28th Extra-Ordinary IGAD Heads of State Summit in Mogadishu - 13 September 2016



















Former British Foreign Secretary, William Hague, inspecting a Guard of Honour in Mogadishu- 2 February 2012























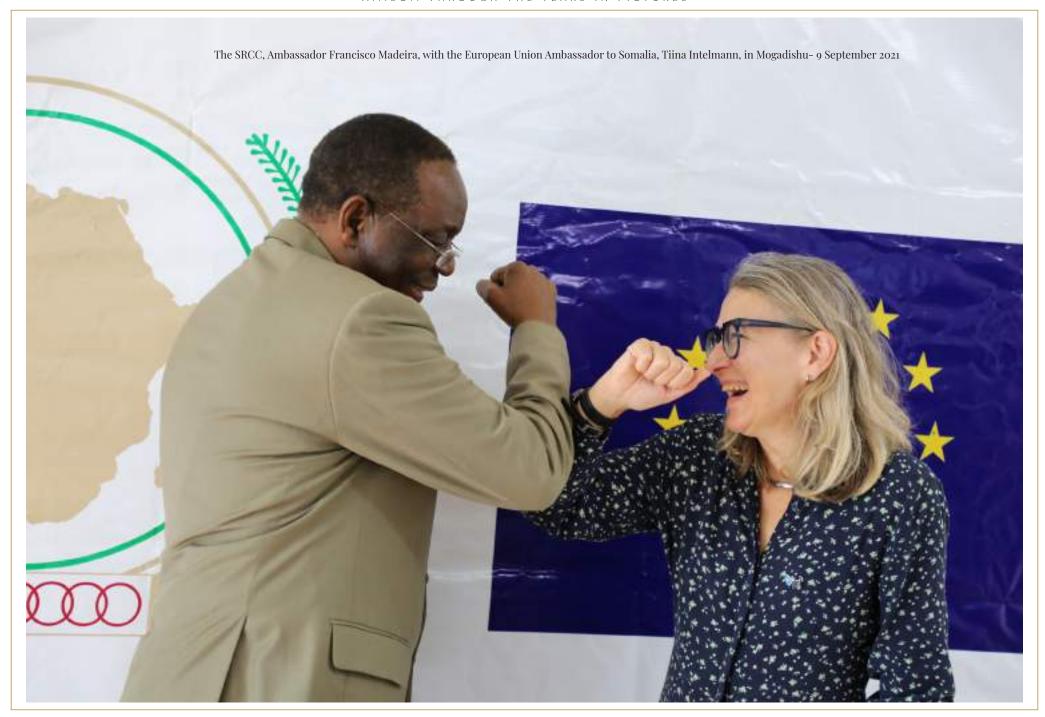




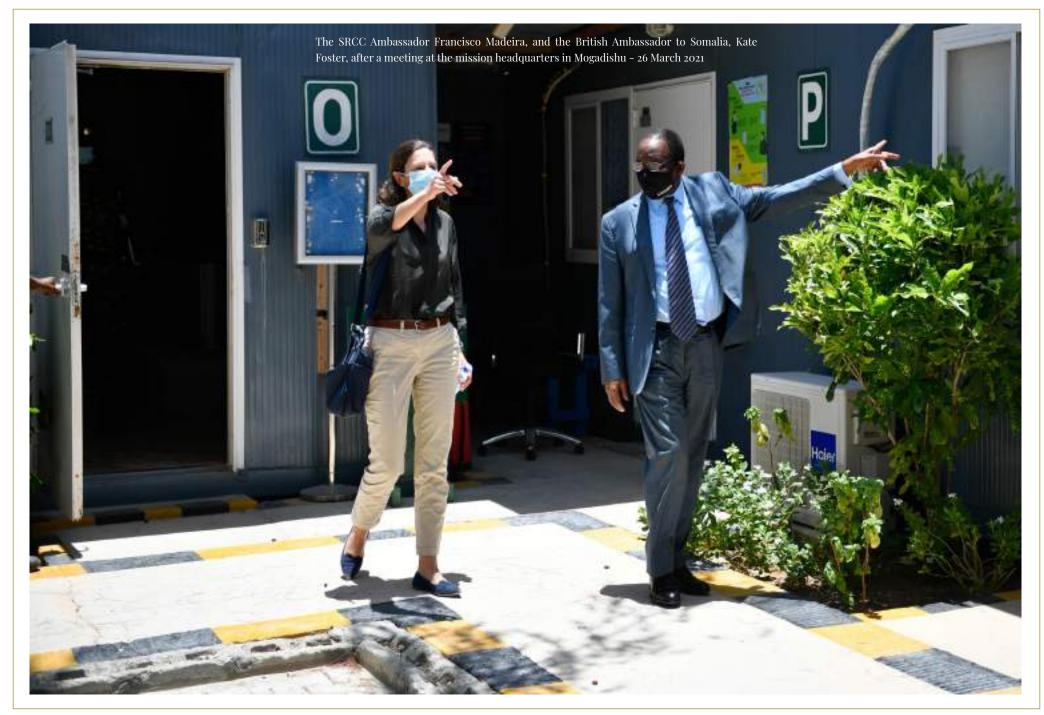








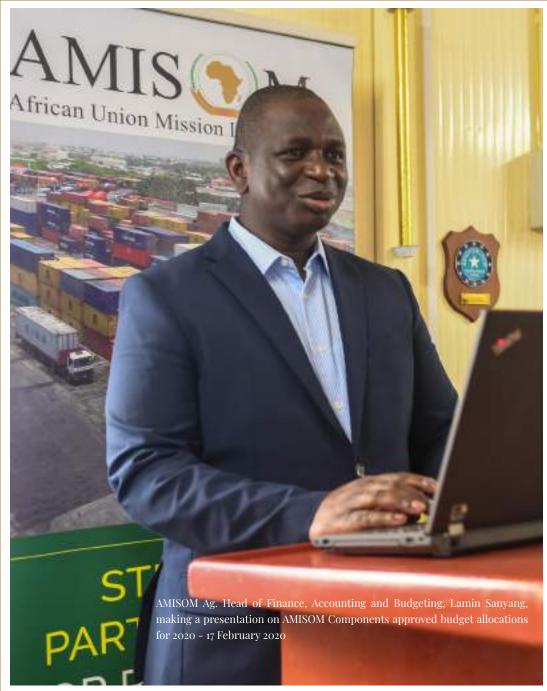






















- AMISOM officials led by the SRCC, Ambassador Francisco Madeira, at the Somalia Ministry of Foreign Affairs. From left is the Head of Political Affairs, Babatunde Taiwo, Reporting Officer, Bruce Ntatenza and the late Special Advisor to the SRCC, Ossumane Domingos - 14 March 2018
- 2. A delegation from the African Union Peace Support Operations Division (AU-PSOD) in Marka - 12 February 2016



















HANDING OVER SECURITY RESPONSIBILITIES







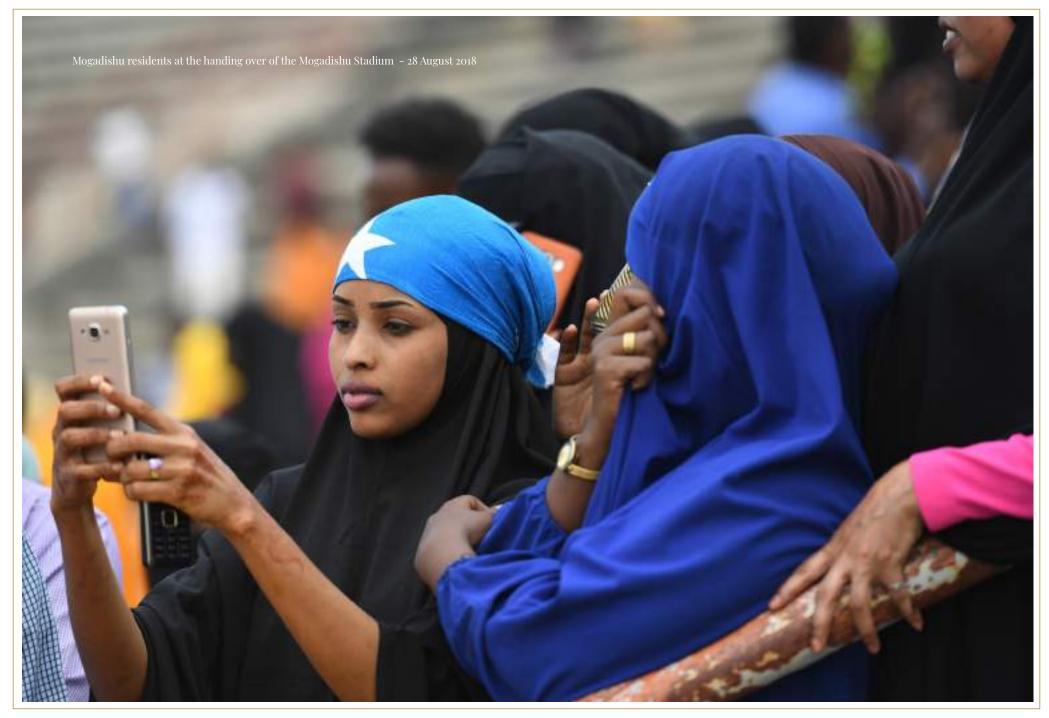
SRCC Ambassador Francisco Madeira, and the Deputy Prime Minister of Somalia, Mahdi Mohamed Guled, at the handover of the Jaalle Siyad Military Academy to the FGS - 28 February 2019



SRCC, Ambassador Francisco Madeira, handling over the premises of the Somalia National University to former Minister for Higher Education, Abdirahman Dahir Osman. In the picture are the former UN SRSG for Somalia, Michael Keating and the University Rector, Mohamed Ahmed Jimale (red and blue tie) - 11 July 2017











AMISOM Joint Support Operations Centre (JSOC) Officer, Maxmillian Okech (standing), ensuring that the Governor of Lower Shabelle, Abdulkadir Mohamed Nur, and the Sector One Commander, Brig. Gen. Don Nabasa, sign documents for the hand over of Mariangwaay FOB – 20 June 2021



AMISOM Deputy Force Commander in charge of Operation and Plans, Maj. Gen. William Kitsao Shume (left), handing over an FOB in Afgooye to the Governor of the Lower Sha-belle region, Abdulkadir Mohamed Nur - 2 March 2021.



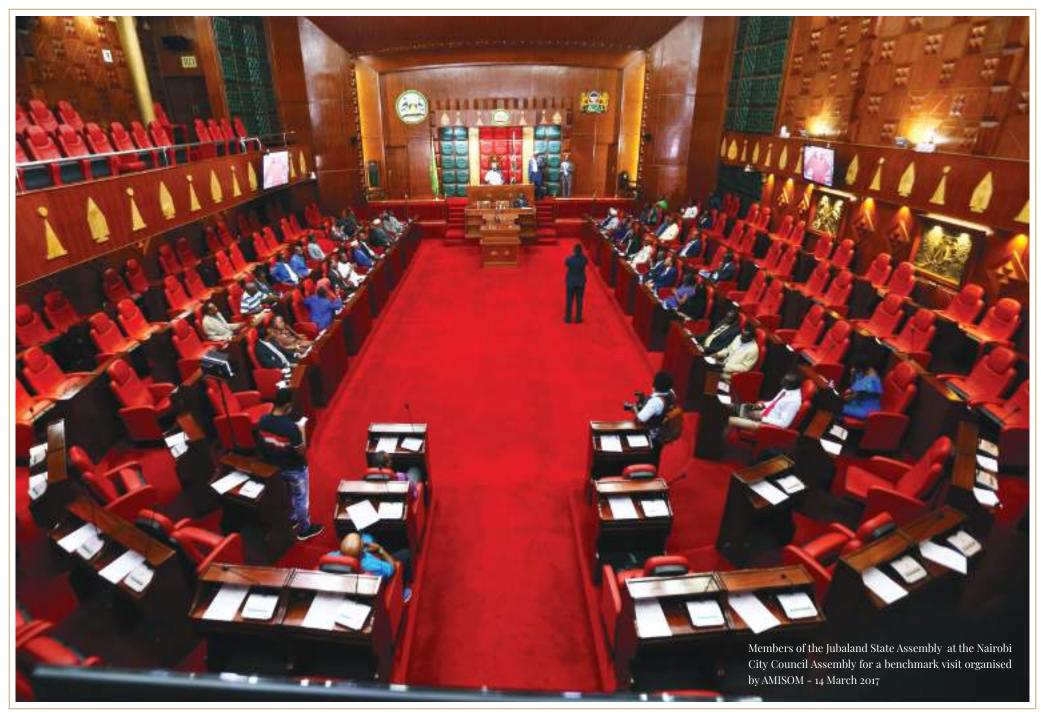
CAPACITY BUILDING



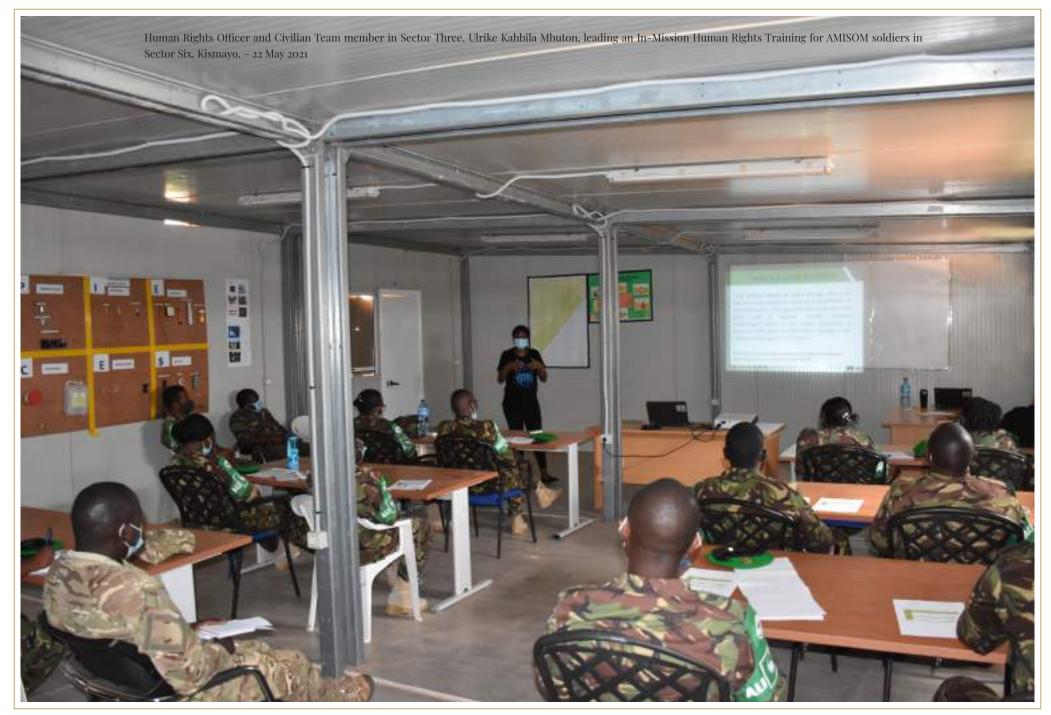


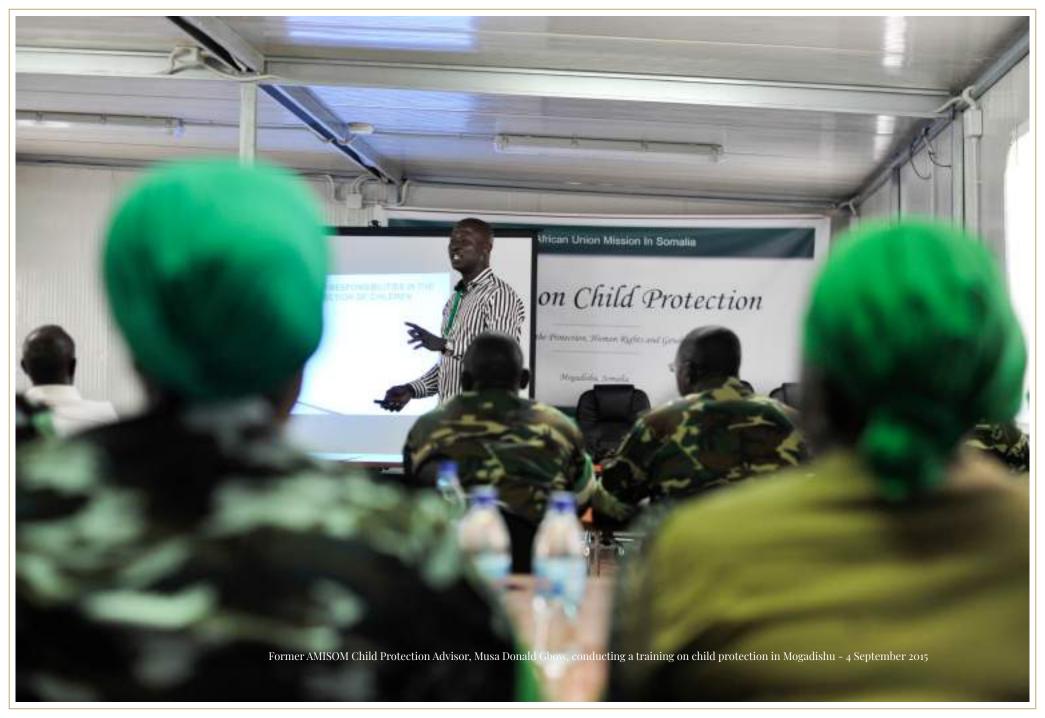


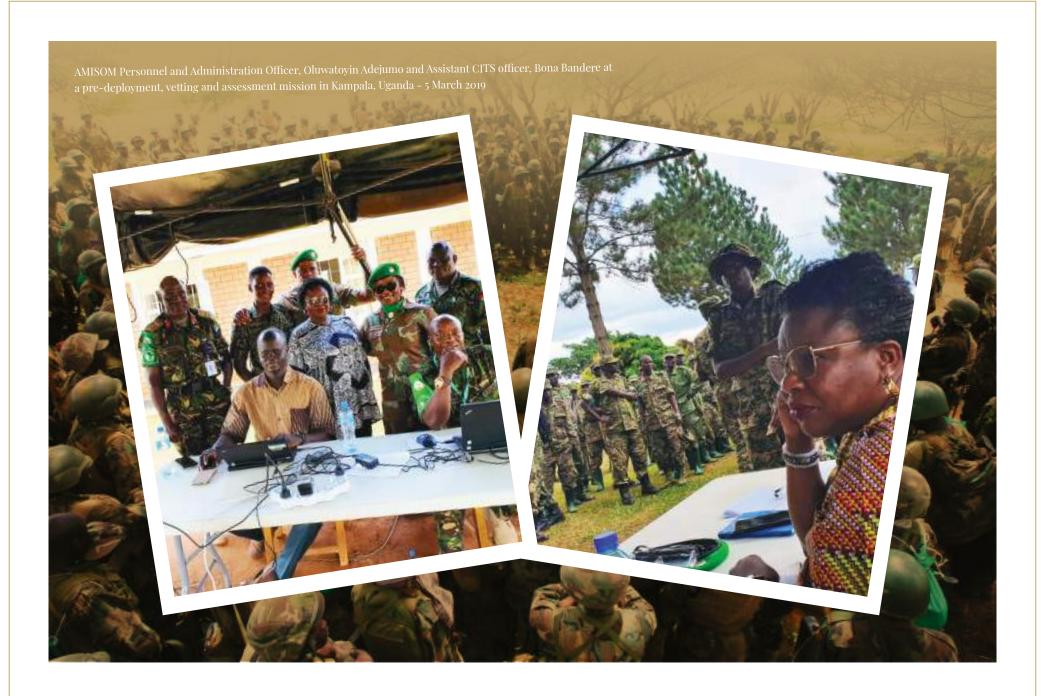














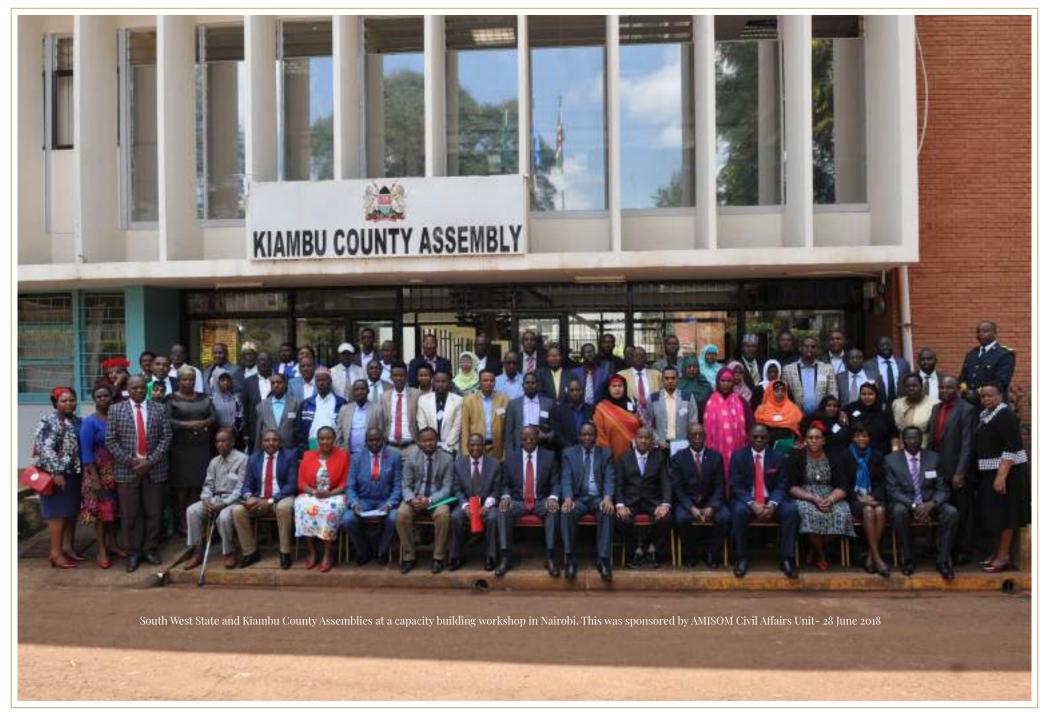






Political Affairs Officer, Muna Hassan Mohamed, facilitating a capacity building training programme on women's participation in politics, Mogadishu - 12 June 2021







Former AMISOM Gender Officer, Stella Maranga, facilitating a workshop on Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) in Mogadishu - 16 September 2019





Protection Officer and Civilian Team member for Sector Six, Gloria Jaase-Nkundanyirazo, engaging women and community leaders on violence against women and girls in conflict - 25 November 2019



The Head of the Protection, Human Rights and Gender (PHRG) Cluster, Adebayo Kareem (right), and the Early Recovery and Stabilisation Adviser at the British Embassy in Mogadishu, Jim Haggerty (middle), with an SNA soldier at the end of a Training of Trainers' course on the prevention and response to conflict-related sexual violence. The training was held in Mogadishu – 13 March 2019

Former Civilian Chief of Staff, Ambassador Epiphanie Ntamwana Kabushemeye (left), presenting a certificate to an AMISOM Language Assistant at the end of a sensitisation training on gender and sexual exploitation in Mogadishu – 5 February 2014





Former Head of JMTC, Col (rtd) Charles Debrah, speaking at an induction training for newly deployed AMISOM officers in Mogadishu - 13 June 2018

STABILISATION INITIATIVES - QIPS AND HUMANITARIAN SUPPORT

The former Head of Mission Support, Maj. Gen. Fidza Dludlu (right), and the Head of Protection, Human Rights and Gender (PHRG) Cluster, Kareem Adebayo (second from right), presenting school supplies to Qamar Primary School in Mogadishu – 19 December 2019





Former Deputy Mayor for Mogadishu, Mohamed Nur Ikar, at the handover of potable water facilities in Mogadishu - 6 June 2014



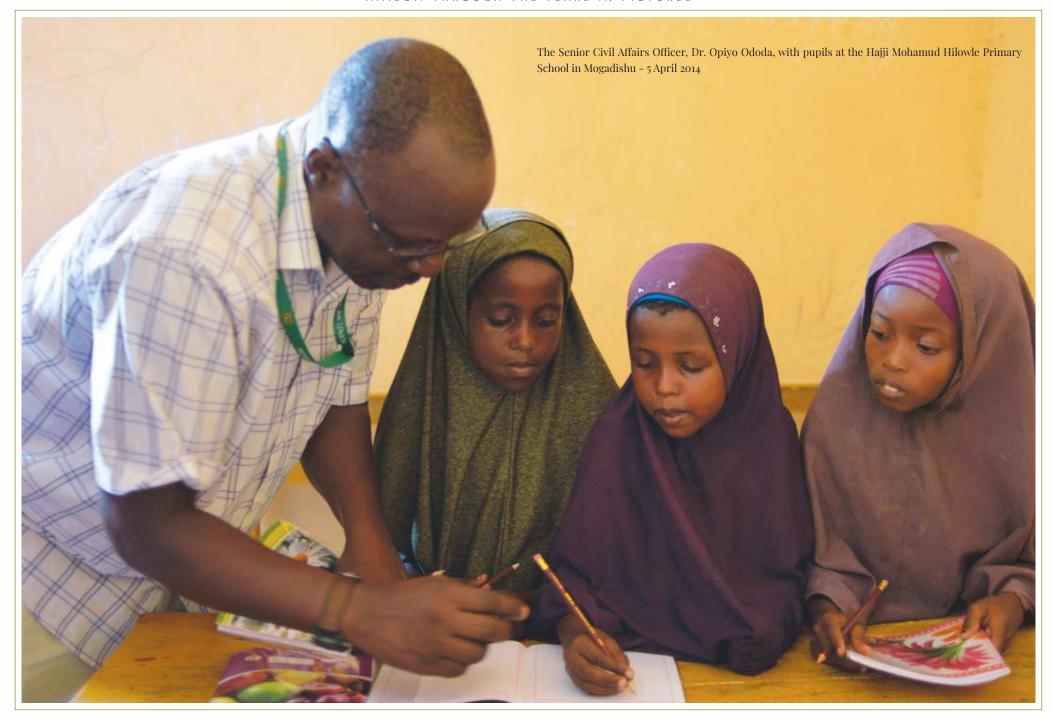














Construction work ongoing at the Mohamud Hilowle Primary and Secondary School in Mogadishu. The school was constructed with funds from AMISOM - 21 October 2012

AMISOM officials inspecting a newly constructed school in Mogadishu. This is part of the Quick Impact Projects - 24 March 2017



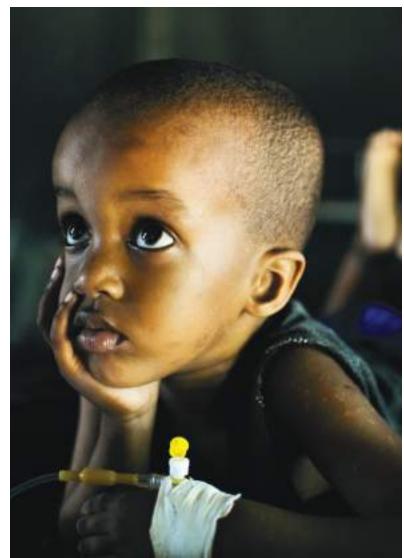








AMISOM soldiers delivering medical supplies to Dhobley General Hospital - 26 November 2020



AMISOM medical facilities often support local communities - 15 April 2013

MORE ACTIVITIES



















The SRCC, Ambassador Francisco Madeira, and the Head of UNSOS, UN Assistant Secretary-General Lisa Filipetto, commissioning a transit camp for AMISOM in Mogadishu. The 400-bed facility constructed by UNSOS is temporary accommodation for newly deployed officers - 24 January 2020





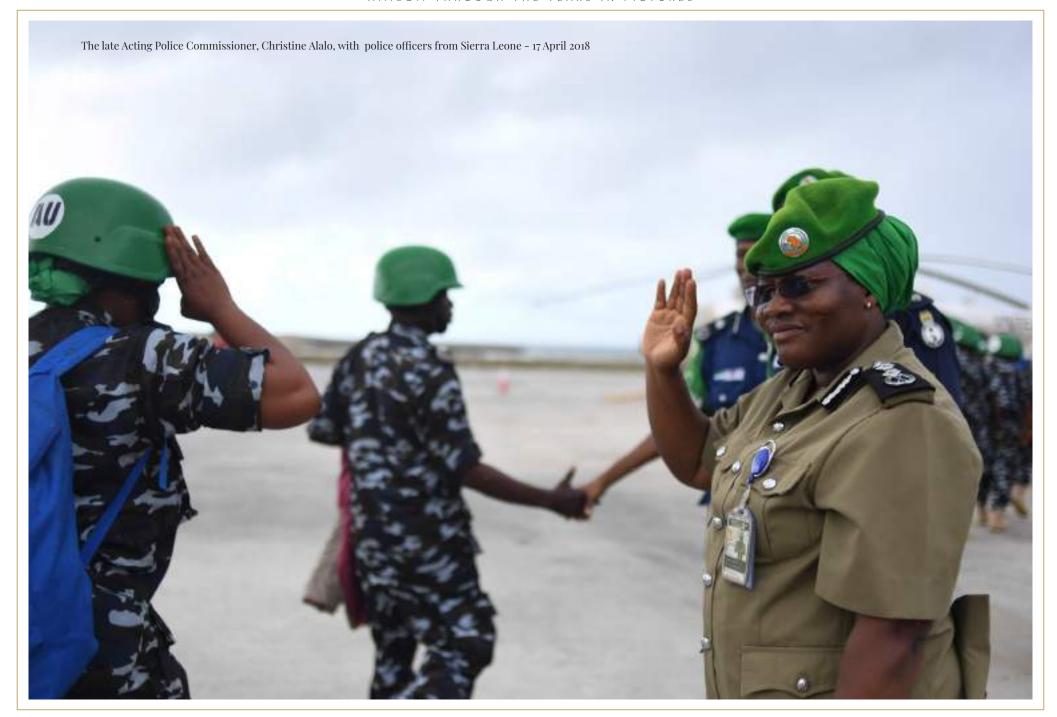


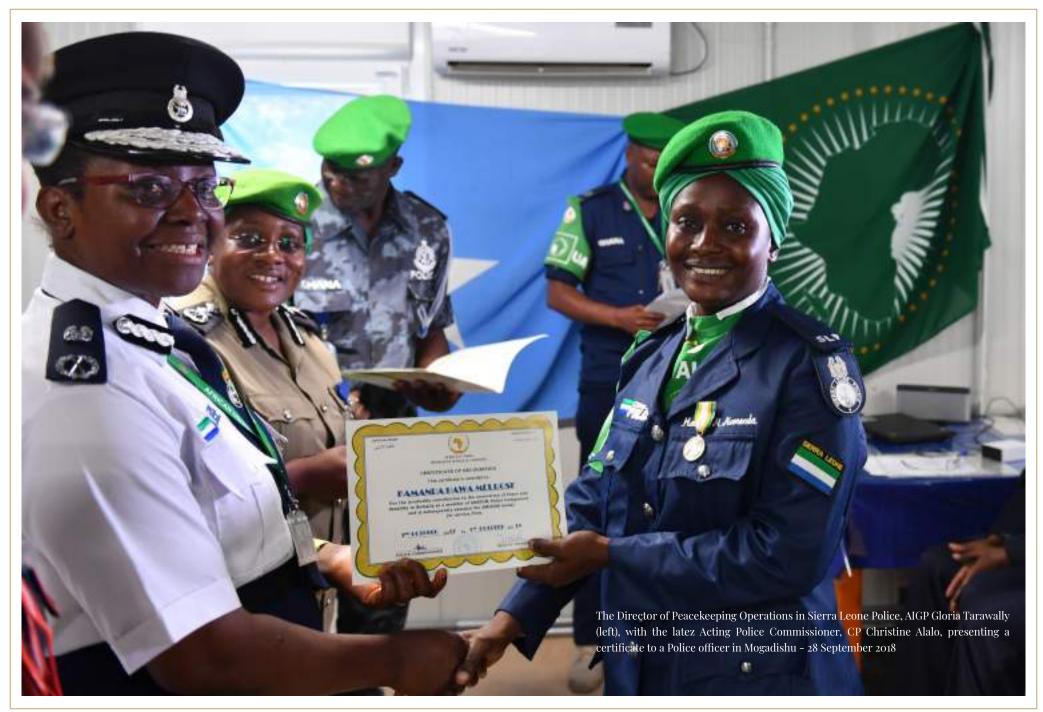
From left to right: Senior Human Resources Officer, Mathias Ngarambe, Civil Engineer, Andrew Alele, Assistant Communication and Information Technology Services (CITS) Officer, Bona Bandere, Travel Officer, Ian Murithi, BOI Officer, Josephine Njeru-Murithi, Communication and Information Technology Services (CITS) Officer, Michael Macharia, and Asset Management Officer, Raymond Bakungu, at the Mission Headquarters in Mogadishu - 10 September 2021



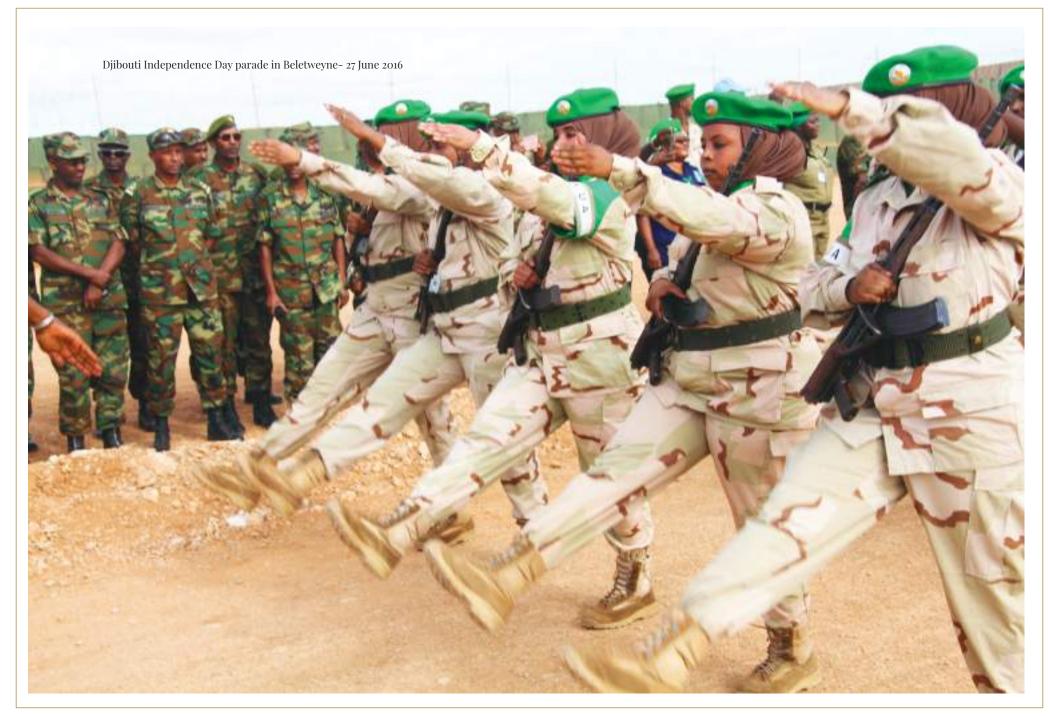
CHAPTER 4 • • • WOMEN IN AMISOM

AMISOM has over 1,000 women serving in the mission. It is by far the largest number of women serving in a peace support operation anywhere in the world. Since the inception of the mission, women in AMISOM have played a significant role in supporting stabilization, reconciliation and security efforts.









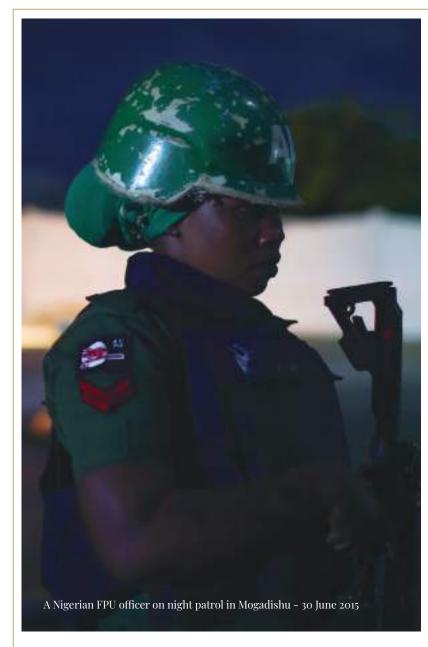








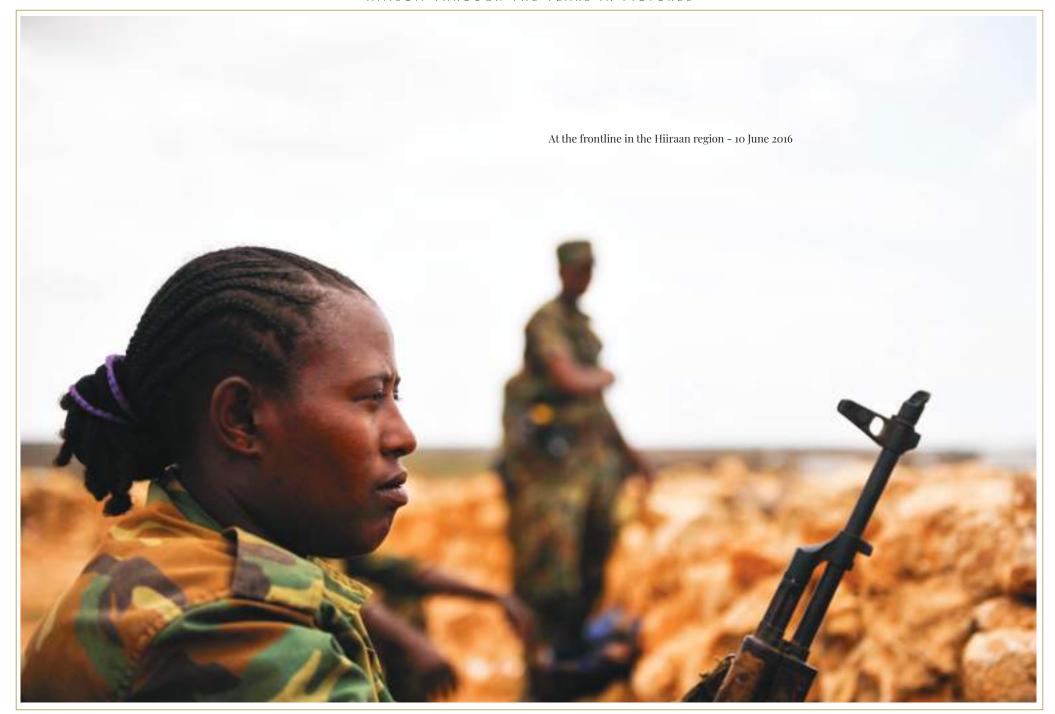




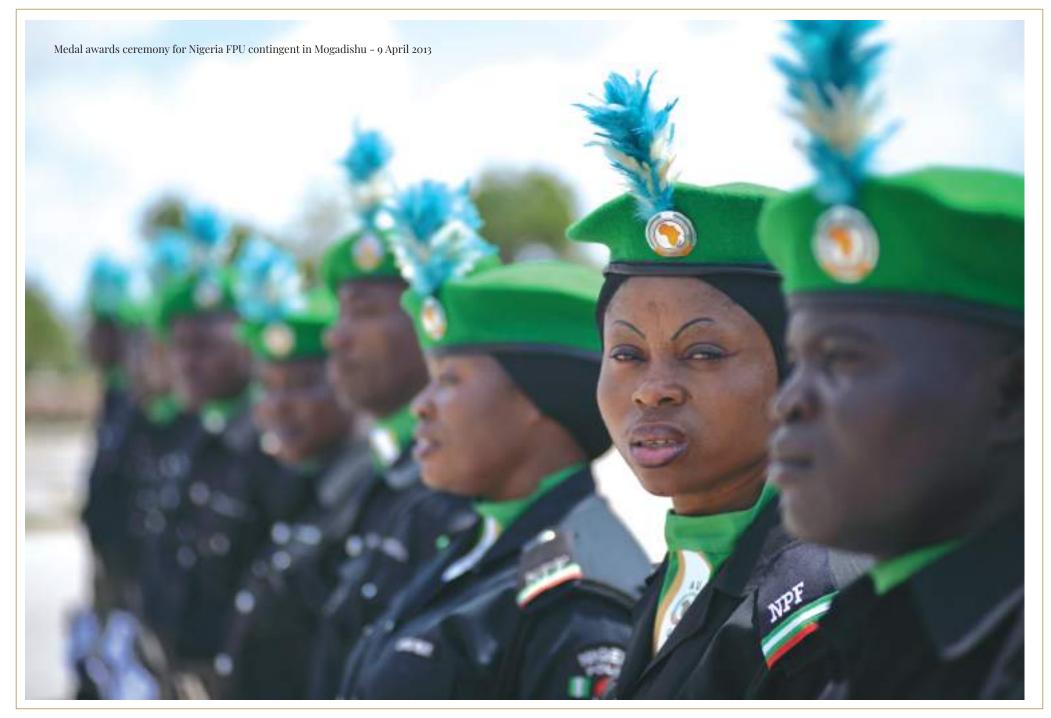


A Police officer with her colleagues at a briefing before patrol duties - 6 June 2016





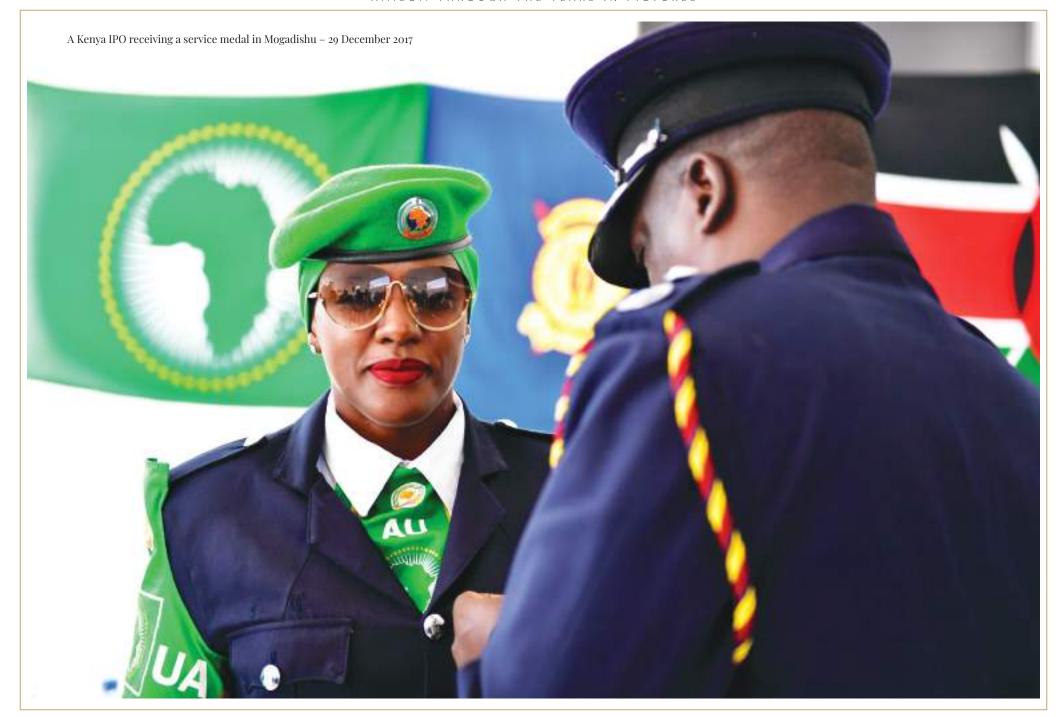


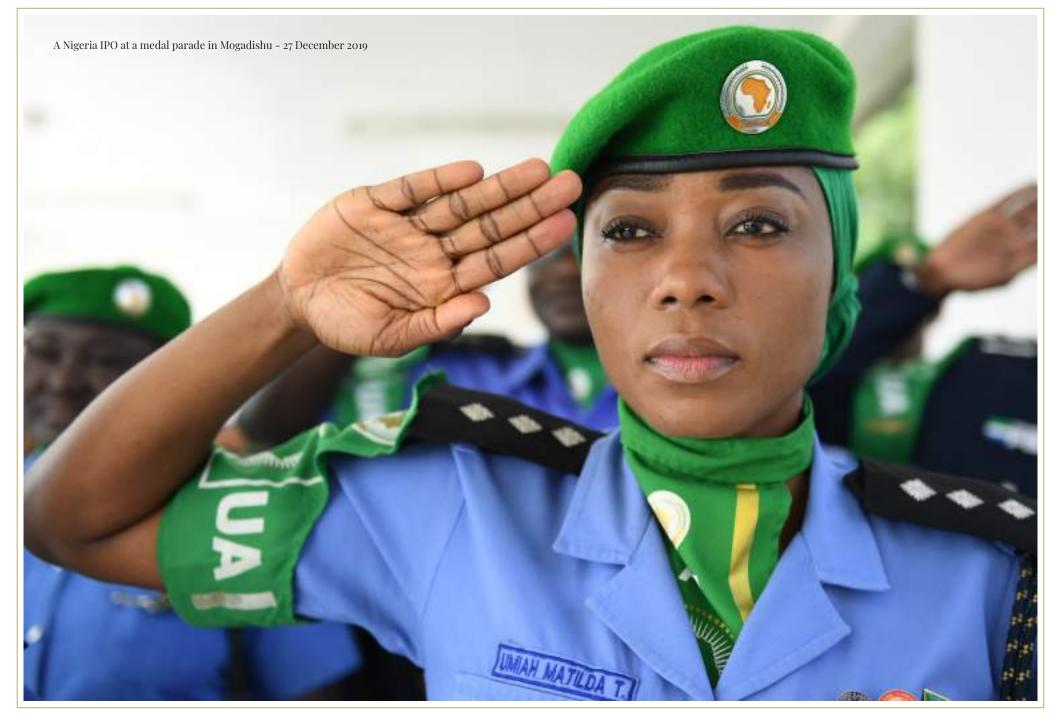






















Self-defence training for a member of the Mogadishu Neighbourhood Watch Committee – 11 September 2013



AMISOM Police and SPF officers celebrating in Mogadishu - 2 August 2015





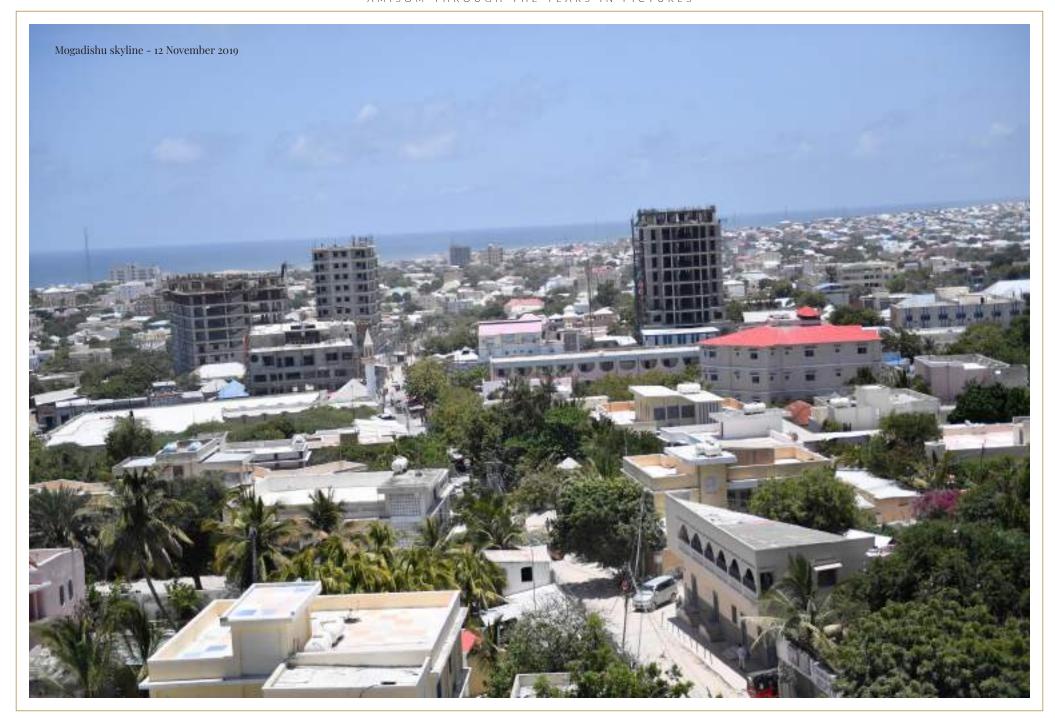
Maintenance crew at the AMISOM Sector One workshop in Mogadishu - 25 August 2015





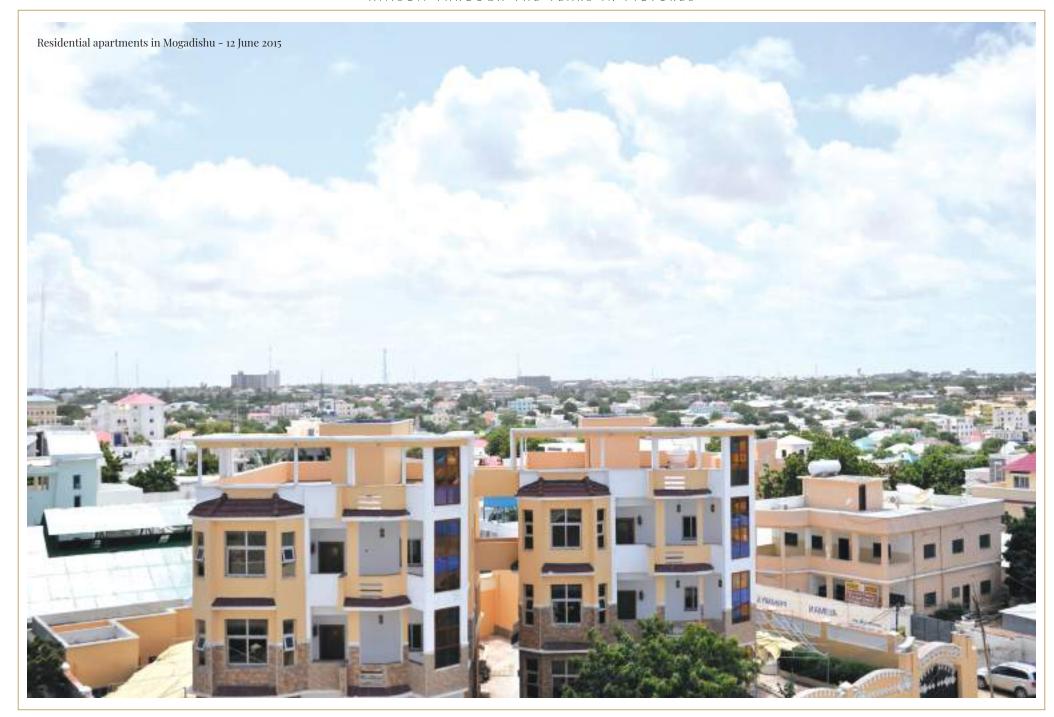
Aircraft at the Aden Abdulle International Airport in Mogadishu – 27 October 2015





















Members of Parliament taking the Oath of Office in Mogadishu - 27 December 2016



Inauguration for the President of Somalia, Mohamed Abdullahi Mohamed Farmaajo - 8 February 2017

















The Golden Girls football club at a training session in Mogadishu- 18 February 2018







Fun and games at Lido Beach, Mogadishu - 5 Agusut 2013



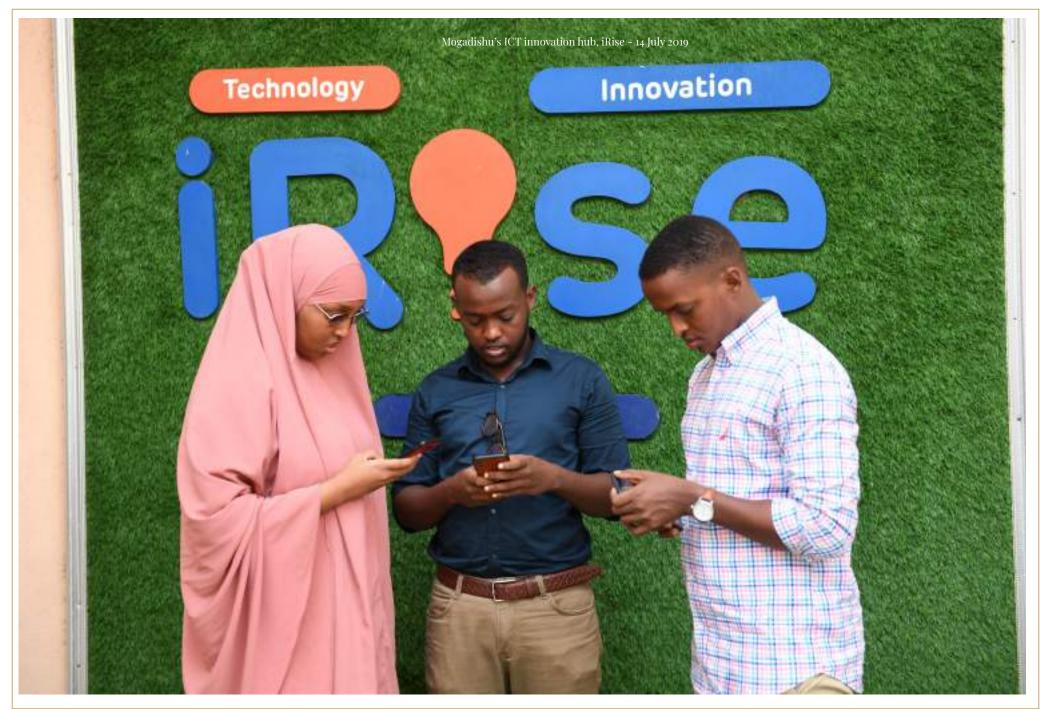




The International Bank of Somalia (IBS) - 16 November 2014





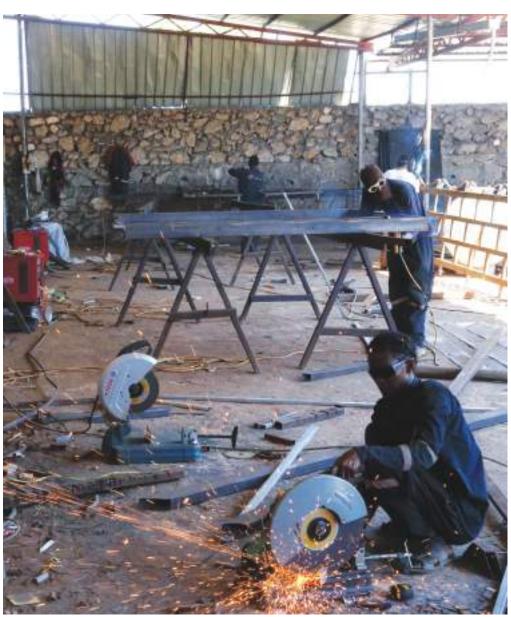








An artist at work in Mogadishu - 15 January 2013



Metal fabWricators in Dhobley- 7 November 2019





Archery competition in Mogadishu - 18 September 2015







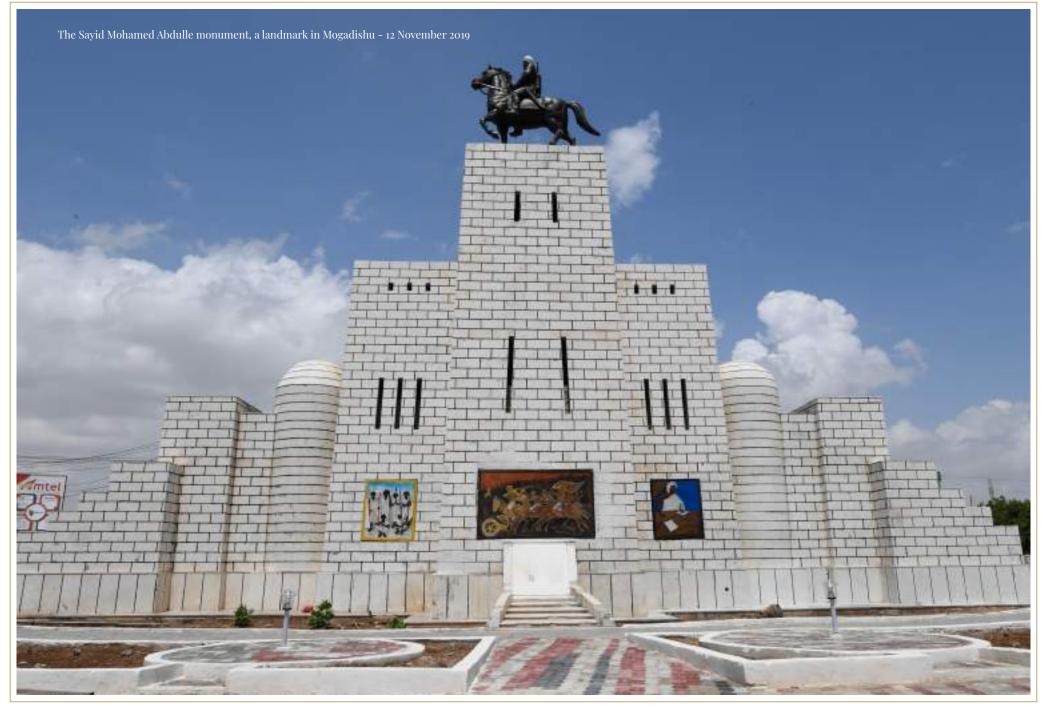






















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